THIS IS THE <u>BEGINNING</u> OF ADMINISTRATIVE FINE CASE # 3143



# FEDERAL ELECTION COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20463

2016 DEC -6 PH 4: 46

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December 6, 2016

# **MEMORANDUM**

# **SENSITIVE**

TO:

The Commission

THROUGH:

Alec Palmer

Staff Director

FROM:

Patricia C. Orrock 400

Chief Compliance Officer

Debbie Chacona Assistant Staff Director
Reports Analysis Division

KDR

BY:

Kristin D. Roser/Ben Holly B.H.

Reports Analysis Division

Compliance Branch

SUBJECT:

Reason To Believe Recommendation - 2016 October Quarterly Report (Non-

Election Sensitive) for the Administrative Fine Program

Attached is a list of political committees and their treasurers who failed to file the 2016 October Quarterly Report (Non-Election Sensitive) in accordance with 52 U.S.C. § 30104(a). The October Quarterly Report was due on October 15, 2016.

The committees listed in the attached RTB Circulation Report either failed to file the report or filed the report no more than thirty (30) days after the due date (considered a late filed report). In accordance with the schedule of civil money penalties for reports at 11 C.F.R. 111.43, these committees should be assessed the civil money penalties highlighted on the attached circulation report.

# Recommendation

- 1. Find reason to believe that the political committees and their treasurers, in their official capacity, listed on the RTB Circulation Report violated 52 U.S.C. § 30104(a) and make a preliminary determination that the civil money penalties would be the amounts indicated on the RTB Circulation Report.
- 2. Send the appropriate letters.

# Reason to Believe Circulation Report 2016 OCTOBER QUARTERLY Not Election Sensitive 10/15/2016 H\_S\_P\_UNAUTH Federal Election Commission

AF#	Committee	Committee Name	Candidate Name	Treasurer	Threshold	₹	Receipt Date	Days Late	FOA	RTB Penalty
3163	2000	CARLOS BERUFF FOR SENATE, INC.	CARLOS BERUFF	ERIC ROBINSON \$17,448,849	\$17,448,849	0	11/2/2016	18	\$756,532	\$10,382
3164	C00554253	CLAITOR FOR CONGRESS	DANIEL A. CLAITOR	CHELSEA BONNECAZE	\$120,518	5		Not Filed	\$120,518 (est)	\$13,839
3165	C00613786	COWAN FOR CONGRESS, INC.	DANIEL COWAN	LEIGH ANN GILLIS	\$684,828	0		Not Filed	\$342,414 (est)	\$10,935
3166	C00612929	ERIN FOR US	ERIN AZARIA SCHRODE	JASON	\$117,363	0		Not Filed	\$39,121 (est)	\$1,157
3167	C00606970	EUGENE FOR CONGRESS	EUGENE YU	ERIC YU	\$110,841	0		Not Filed	\$36,947 (est)	\$1,157
3168	C00254441	FATTAH FOR CONGRESS	СНАКА БАТТАН	ROGER J. JACKSON, JR.	\$450,822	0		Not Filed	\$75,137 (est)	\$4,784
3169	C00593103	FRAZIER FOR COLORADO, INC.	RYAN LAVAR FRAZIER	TRAVIS	\$837,702	0		Not Filed	\$209,426 (est)	\$8,885
3170	3170 C00272732	FRIENDS OF CORRINE BROWN	CORRINE BROWN	GLORIA	\$1,113,322	0	10/26/2016	11	\$162,191	\$3,349
3171	C00581926	FRIENDS OF DENA	DENA GRAYSON	DUSTIN ANDERSEN	\$932,896	0	•	Not Filed	\$186,579 (est)	\$7,518
3172	C00550004	FRIENDS OF WARREN CHRISTOPHER	WARREN CHRISTOPHER	LETICIA CARROLL SMITH	\$370,756	0		Not Filed	\$61,793 (est)	\$3,691
3173	C00594150	JAMES MALONEY FOR CONGRESS	JAMES MALONEY	ILDI ERVIN	\$118,506	0		Not Filed	\$39,502 (est)	\$1,157
3174	858009000	MARIA FOR AMERICA 2016	MARIA L. ESPINOZA	TIMOTHY J.	\$175,587	-		Not Filed	\$43,897 (est)	\$1,446
3175	C00603282	MIRZA FOR CONGRESS	ALI A. MIRZA	TARA MARIE BARBERA	\$113,205	0		Not Filed	\$37.735 (est)	\$1,157
3176	3176 C00302422	RANGEL FOR CONGRESS	CHARLES B. RANGEL	DAVID A. PATERSON	\$301,124	0		Not Filed	\$50, 187 (est)	\$3,691
3177	3177 C00577882	VOGT FOR MARYLAND	DAVID E. VOGT III	DAVID VOGT	\$130,941	-		Not Filed	\$26,188 (est)	\$1,446
3178	3178 C00612457	VOTE JERRY NATIVIDAD FOR	JERRY NATIVIDAD	VERA ORTEGON	\$333,527	0	10/25/2016	. 10	\$15,019	\$197
3179	3179 C00608083	WILDER FOR SENATE	SELLUS WILDER	LAVON RACHELLE CHATTIN	\$128,145	0		Not Filed	\$42,715 (est)	\$1,157

In the Matter of	) )
Reason To Believe Recommendation –	4
2016 October Quarterly Report (Non-	3
Election Sensitive) for the Administrative	J.
Fine Program:	₹. \$
CARLOS BERUFF FOR SENATE INC.	) AF# 3163
and ERIC ROBINSON as treasurer;	) M#3103
CLAITOR FOR CONGRESS, and	) AF# 3164
CHELSEA BONNECAZE as treasurer;	) Ar# 310 <del>4</del>
COWAN FOR CONGRESS, INC., and	) ). AF# 3165
GILLIS, LEIGH ANN as treasurer,	9. AI# 3103
ERIN FOR US, and TERAMOTO, JASON	∌ 3) AF# 3166
as treasurer;	) Ar# 3100 *)
EUGENE FOR CONGRESS, and YU,	Š AF# 3167
ERIC MR. as treasurer;	):
FATTAH FOR CONGRESS, and	) AF# 3168
JACKSON, ROGER J MR JR as treasurer;	) )
FRAZIER FOR COLORADO INC, and	) AF# 3169
TRAVIS MARTINEZ as treasurer;	<b>5</b>
FRIENDS OF CORRINE BROWN, and	AF# 3170
SIMMONS, GLORIA as treasurer;	<b>j</b>
FRIENDS OF DENA, and ANDERSEN,	): AF# 3171
DUSTIN as treasurer;	j
FRIENDS OF WARREN CHRISTOPHER,	) AF# 3172
and SMITH, LETICIA CARROLL ESQ as	<b>)</b> :
treasurer;	<b>)</b> :
JAMES MALONEY FOR CONGRESS,	). AF# 3173
and ERVIN, ILDI as treasurer;	)
MARIA FOR AMERICA 2016, and	<b>AF#3174</b>
TIMOTHY J LYNG as treasurer;	);
MIRZA FOR CONGRESS, and	) AF# 3175
BARBERA, TARA MARIE as treasurer;	)"
RANGEL FOR CONGRESS, and	) AF# 3176
PATERSON, DAVID A as treasurer;	<b>)</b> ;
VOGT FOR MARYLAND, and VOGT,	) AF# 3177
DAVID as treasurer;	) <del>.</del>
VOTE JERRY NATIVIDAD FOR US	) AF# 3178
SENATE, and VERA ORTEGON as	) AF# 3178 ) AF# 3179
treasurer;	.);
WILDER FOR SENATE, and LAVON	) AF# 3179
RACHELLE CHATTIN as treasurer;	).

# **CERTIFICATION**

- I, Dayna C. Brown, Acting Secretary and Clerk of the Federal Election

  Commission, do hereby certify that on December 09, 2016 the Commission took the

  following actions on the Reason To Believe Recommendation 2016 October

  Quarterly Report (Non-Election Sensitive) for the Administrative Fine Program as
  recommended in the Reports Analysis Division's Memorandum dated December 06,

  2016, on the following committees:
- AF#3163 Decided by a vote of 6-0 to: (1) find reason to believe that CARLOS BERUFF FOR SENATE INC, and ERIC ROBINSON in his official capacity as treasurer violated 52 U.S.C. 30104(a) and make a preliminary determination that the civil money penalty would be the amount indicated on the report; (2) send the appropriate letter. Commissioners Goodman, Hunter, Petersen, Ravel, Walther, and Weintraub voted affirmatively for the decision.
- AF#3164 Decided by a vote of 6-0 to: (1) find reason to believe that CLAITOR FOR CONGRESS, and CHELSEA BONNECAZE in her official capacity as treasurer violated 52 U.S.C. 30104(a) and make a preliminary determination that the civil money penalty would be the amount indicated on the report; (2) send the appropriate letter. Commissioners Goodman, Hunter, Petersen, Ravel, Walther, and Weintraub voted affirmatively for the decision.
- AF#3165 Decided by a vote of 6-0 to: (1) find reason to believe that COWAN FOR CONGRESS, INC., and GILLIS, LEIGH ANN in her official capacity as treasurer violated 52 U.S.C. 30104(a) and make a preliminary determination that the civil money penalty would be the amount indicated on the report; (2) send the appropriate letter. Commissioners Goodman, Hunter, Petersen, Ravel, Walther, and Weintraub voted affirmatively for the decision.
- AF#3166 Decided by a vote of 6-0 to: (1) find reason to believe that ERIN FOR US, and TERAMOTO, JASON in his official capacity as treasurer violated 52 U.S.C. 30104(a) and make a preliminary determination that the civil money penalty would be the amount indicated on the report; (2) send the appropriate letter. Commissioners Goodman, Hunter, Petersen, Ravel, Walther, and Weintraub voted affirmatively for the decision.

AF#3167 Decided by a vote of 6-0 to: (1) find reason to believe that EUGENE FOR CONGRESS, and YU, ERIC MR. in his official capacity as treasurer violated 52 U.S.C. 30104(a) and make a preliminary determination that the civil money penalty would be the amount indicated on the report; (2) send the appropriate letter. Commissioners Goodman, Hunter, Petersen, Ravel, Walther, and Weintraub voted affirmatively for the decision.

AF#3168 Decided by a vote of 6-0 to: (1) find reason to believe that FATTAH FOR CONGRESS, and JACKSON, ROGER J MR JR in his official capacity as treasurer violated 52 U.S.C. 30104(a) and make a preliminary determination that the civil money penalty would be the amount indicated on the report; (2) send the appropriate letter. Commissioners Goodman, Hunter, Petersen, Ravel, Walther, and Weintraub voted affirmatively for the decision.

AF#3169 Decided by a vote of 6-0 to: (1) find reason to believe that FRAZIER FOR COLORADO INC, and TRAVIS MARTINEZ in his official capacity as treasurer violated 52 U.S.C. 30104(a) and make a preliminary determination that the civil money penalty would be the amount indicated on the report; (2) send the appropriate letter. Commissioners Goodman, Hunter, Petersen, Ravel, Walther, and Weintraub voted affirmatively for the decision.

AF#3170 Decided by a vote of 6-0 to: (1) find reason to believe that FRIENDS OF CORRINE BROWN, and SIMMONS, GLORIA in her official capacity as treasurer violated 52 U.S.C. 30104(a) and make a preliminary determination that the civil money penalty would be the amount indicated on the report; (2) send the appropriate letter. Commissioners Goodman, Hunter, Petersen, Ravel, Walther, and Weintraub voted affirmatively for the decision.

AF#3171 Decided by a vote of 6-0 to: (1) find reason to believe that FRIENDS OF DENA, and ANDERSEN, DUSTIN in his official capacity as treasurer violated 52 U.S.C. 30104(a) and make a preliminary determination that the civil money penalty would be the amount indicated on the report; (2) send the appropriate letter. Commissioners Goodman, Hunter, Petersen, Ravel, Walther, and Weintraub voted affirmatively for the decision.

AF#3172 Decided by a vote of 6-0 to: (1) find reason to believe that FRIENDS OF WARREN CHRISTOPHER, and SMITH, LETICIA CARROLL ESQ in her official capacity as treasurer violated 52 U.S.C. 30104(a) and make a preliminary determination that the civil money penalty would be the amount indicated on the report; (2) send the appropriate letter. Commissioners Goodman, Hunter, Petersen, Ravel, Walther, and Weintraub voted affirmatively for the decision.

AF#3173 Decided by a vote of 6-0 to: (1) find reason to believe that JAMES MALONEY FOR CONGRESS, and ERVIN, ILDI in his official capacity as treasurer violated 52 U.S.C. 30104(a) and make a preliminary determination that the civil money penalty would be the amount indicated on the report; (2) send the appropriate letter. Commissioners Goodman, Hunter, Petersen, Ravel, Walther, and Weintraub voted affirmatively for the decision.

AF#3174 Decided by a vote of 6-0 to: (1) find reason to believe that MARIA FOR AMERICA 2016, and TIMOTHY J LYNG in his official capacity as treasurer violated 52 U.S.C. 30104(a) and make a preliminary determination that the civil money penalty would be the amount indicated on the report; (2) send the appropriate letter. Commissioners Goodman, Hunter, Petersen, Ravel, Walther, and Weintraub voted affirmatively for the decision.

AF#3175 Decided by a vote of 6-0 to: (1) find reason to believe that MIRZA FOR CONGRESS, and BARBERA, TARA MARIE in her official capacity as treasurer violated 52 U.S.C. 30104(a) and make a preliminary determination that the civil money penalty would be the amount indicated on the report; (2) send the appropriate letter. Commissioners Goodman, Hunter, Petersen, Ravel, Walther, and Weintraub voted affirmatively for the decision.

AF#3176 Decided by a vote of 6-0 to: (1) find reason to believe that RANGEL FOR CONGRESS, and PATERSON, DAVID A in his official capacity as treasurer violated 52 U.S.C. 30104(a) and make a preliminary determination that the civil money penalty would be the amount indicated on the report; (2) send the appropriate letter. Commissioners Goodman, Hunter, Petersen, Ravel, Walther, and Weintraub voted affirmatively for the decision.

AF#3177 Decided by a vote of 6-0 to: (1) find reason to believe that VOGT FOR MARYLAND, and VOGT, DAVID his official capacity as treasurer violated 52 U.S.C. 30104(a) and make a preliminary determination that the civil money penalty would be the amount indicated on the report; (2) send the appropriate letter. Commissioners Goodman, Hunter, Petersen, Ravel, Walther, and Weintraub voted affirmatively for the decision.

AF#3178 Decided by a vote of 6-0 to: (1) find reason to believe that VOTE JERRY NATIVIDAD FOR US SENATE, and VERA ORTEGON in her official capacity as treasurer violated 52 U.S.C. 30104(a) and make a preliminary determination that the civil money penalty would be the amount indicated on the report; (2) send the appropriate letter. Commissioners Goodman, Hunter, Petersen, Ravel, Walther, and Weintraub voted affirmatively for the decision.

SENATE, and LAVON RACHELLE CHATTIN in her official capacity as treasurer violated 52 U.S.C. 30104(a) and make a preliminary determination that the civil money penalty would be the amount indicated on the report; (2) send the appropriate letter. Commissioners Goodman, Hunter, Petersen, Ravel, Walther, and Weintraub voted affirmatively for the decision.

Attest:

Decided by a vote of 6-0 to: (1) find reason to believe that WILDER FOR

Dayna C. Brown

Acting Secretary and Clerk of the

Commission



# FEDERAL ELECTION COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20463

Eric Robinson, in official capacity as Treasurer Carlos Beruff for Senate Inc. 133 South Harbor Drive Venice, FL 34285 December 9, 2016

C00610113 AF#: 3163

Dear Mr. Robinson:

The Federal Election Campaign Act of 1971, as amended ("the Act"), requires that your committee file an October Quarterly Report of Receipts and Disbursements every calendar year. This report, covering the period July 1, 2016 through September 30, 2016, shall be filed no later than October 15, 2016. 52 U.S.C. § 30104(a). Records at the Federal Election Commission ("FEC") indicate that this report was filed on November 2, 2016, 18 days late.

The Act permits the FEC to impose civil money penalties for violations of the reporting requirements of 52 U.S.C. § 30104(a). 52 U.S.C. § 30109g(a)(4). On December 9, 2016, the FEC found that there is reason to believe ("RTB") that Carlos Beruff for Senate Inc. and you, in your official capacity as treasurer, violated 52 U.S.C. § 30104(a) by failing to file timely this report on or before October 15, 2016. Based on the FEC's schedules of civil money penalties at 11 CFR § 111.43, the amount of your civil money penalty calculated at the RTB stage is \$10,382. Please see the attached copy of the Commission's administrative fine regulations at 11 CFR §§ 111.30-111.55. Attachment 1. The Commission's website contains further information about how the administrative fine program works and how the fines are calculated. See http://www.fec.gov/af/af.shtml. 11 CFR § 111.34. Your payment of \$10,382 is due within forty (40) days of the finding, or by January 18, 2017, and is based on these factors:

Election Sensitivity of Report: Not Election Sensitive

Level of Activity: \$756,532 Number of Days Late: 18

Number of Previous Civil Money Penalties Assessed: 0

At this juncture, the following courses of action are available to you:

# 1. If You Choose to Challenge the RTB Finding and/or Civil Money Penalty

If you should decide to challenge the RTB finding and/or calculated civil money penalty, you must submit a written response to the FEC's Office of Administrative Review, 999 E Street, NW, Washington, DC 20463. Your response must include the AF# (found at the top of page 1 under your committee's identification number) and be received within forty (40) days of the

Commission's RTB finding, or January 18, 2017. 11 CFR § 111.35(a). Your written response must include the reason(s) why you are challenging the RTB finding and/or calculated civil money penalty, and must include the factual basis supporting the reason(s) and supporting documentation. The FEC strongly encourages that documents be submitted in the form of affidavits or declarations. 11 CFR § 111.36(c).

The FEC will only consider challenges that are based on at least one of three grounds: (1) a factual error in the RTB finding; (2) miscalculation of the calculated civil money penalty by the FEC; or (3) your demonstrated use of best efforts to file in a timely manner when prevented from doing so by reasonably unforescen circumstances that were beyond your control. 11 CFR § 111.35(b). In order for a challenge to be considered on the basis of best efforts, you must have filed the required report no later than 24 hours after the end of these reasonably unforeseen circumstances. Id. Examples of circumstances that will be considered reasonably unforeseen and beyond your control include, but are not limited to: (1) a failure of Commission computers or Commission-provided software despite your seeking technical assistance from Commission personnel and resources; (2) a widespread disruption of information transmissions over the Internet that is not caused by a failure of the Commission's or your computer systems or Internet service provider; and (3) severe weather or other disaster-related incident... 11 CFR § 111.35(c). Examples of circumstances that will not be considered reasonably unforeseen and beyond your control include, but are not limited to: (1) negligence; (2) delays caused by vendors or contractors; (3) treasurer and staff illness, inexperience or unavailability; (4) committee computer, software, or Internet service provider failures; (5) failure to know filing dates; and (6) failure to use filing software properly. 11 CFR § 111.35(d).

The "failure to raise an argument in a timely fashion during the administrative process shall be deemed a waiver" of your right to present such argument in a petition to the U.S. District Court under 52 U.S.C. § 30109. 11 CFR § 111.38.

If you intend to be represented by counsel, please advise the Office of Administrative Review. You should provide, in writing, the name, address and telephone number of your counsel and authorize counsel to receive notifications and communications relating to this challenge and imposition of the calculated civil money penalty.

# 2. If You Choose Not to Pay the Civil Money Penalty and Not to Submit a Challenge.

If you do not pay the calculated civil money penalty and do not submit a written response, the FEC will assume that the preceding factual allegations are true and make a final determination that Carlos Beruff for Senate Inc. and you, in your official capacity as treasurer, violated 52 U.S.C. § 30104(a) and assess a civil money penalty.

Unpaid civil money penalties assessed through the Administrative Fine regulations will be subject to the Debt Collection Act of 1982 ("DCA"), as amended by the Debt Collection Improvement Act of 1996, 31 U.S.C. § 3701 et seq. The FEC may take any and all appropriate action authorized and required by the DCA, as amended, including transfer to the U.S. Department of the Treasury for collection. 11 CFR § 111.51(a)(2).

# 3. If You Choose to Pay the Civil Money Penalty

If you should decide to pay the calculated civil money penalty, follow the payment instructions on page 4 of this letter. Upon receipt of your payment, the FEC will send you a final determination letter.

# NOTICE REGARDING PARTIAL PAYMENTS AND SETTLEMENT OFFERS

# 4. Partial Payments

If you make a payment in an amount less than the calculated civil money penalty, the amount of your partial payment will be credited towards the full civil money penalty that the Commission assesses upon making a final determination.

# 5. Settlement Offers

Any offer to settle or compromise a debt owed to the Commission, including a payment in an amount less than the calculated civil money penalty assessed or any restrictive endorsements contained on your check or money order or proposed in correspondence transmitted with your check or money order, will be rejected. Acceptance and deposit or cashing of such a restricted payment does not constitute acceptance of the settlement offer. Payments containing restrictive endorsements will be deposited and treated as a partial payment towards the civil money penalty that the Commission assesses upon making a final determination. All unpaid civil money penalty amounts remaining will be subject to the debt collection procedures set forth in Section 2, above.

This matter was generated based on information ascertained by the FEC in the normal course of carrying out its supervisory responsibilities. 52 U.S.C. § 30109(a)(2). Unless you notify the FEC in writing that you wish the matter to be made public, it will remain confidential in accordance with 52 U.S.C. § 30109(a)(4)(B) and 30109(a)(12)(A) until it is placed on the public record at the conclusion of this matter in accordance with 11 CFR § 111.42.

As noted earlier, you may obtain additional information on the FEC's administrative fine program, including the final regulations, on the FEC's website at http://www.fec.gov/af/af.shtml. If you have questions regarding the payment of the calculated civil money penalty, please contact Aimee Wechsler in the Reports Analysis Division at our toll free number (800) 424-9530 (at the prompt press 5) or (202) 694-1130. If you have questions regarding the submission of a challenge, please contact the Office of Administrative Review at our toll free number (800) 424-9530 (press 0, then ext. 1660) or (202) 694-1660.

On behalf of the Commission,

Matthew S. Petersen

Chair

# ADMINISTRATIVE FINE REMITTANCE & PAYMENT INSTRUCTIONS

In accordance with the schedule of penalties at 11 CFR § 111.43, the amount of your civil money penalty calculated at RTB is \$10,382 for the 2016 October Quarterly Report.

You may remit payment by ACH withdrawal from your bank account, or by debit or credit card through Pay.gov, the federal government's secure portal for online collections. Visit www.fec.gov/af/pay.shtml to be directed to Pay.gov's Administrative Fine Program Payment form.

This penalty may also be paid by check or money order, made payable to the Federal Election Commission. It should be sent by mail to:

Federal Election Commission P.O. Box 979058 St. Louis, MO 63197-9000

If you choose to send your payment by courier or overnight delivery, please send to:

U.S. Bank - Government Lockbox FEC #979058 1005 Convention Plaza Attn: Government Lockbox, SL-MO-C2GL St. Louis, MO 63101

# **PAYMENTS BY PERSONAL CHECK**

Personal checks will be converted into electronic funds transfers (EFTS). Your account will be electronically debited for the amount on your check, usually within 24 hours, and the debit will appear on your regular statement. We will destroy your original check and keep a copy of it. In case the EFT cannot be processed for technical reasons, you authorize us to process the copy in lieu of the original check. Should the EFT not be completed because of insufficient funds, we may try to make the transfer twice.

# PLEASE DETACH AND RETURN THE PORTION BELOW WITH YOUR PAYMENT

FOR: Carlos Beruff for Senate Inc.

FEC ID#: C00610113

AF#: 3163

PAYMENT DUE DATE: January 18, 2017

PAYMENT AMOUNT DUE: \$10,382



# Robinson, Hanks, Young and Roberts, P.A. Certified Public Accountants

Eric W. Robinson, C.P.A. Susan C. Hanks, C.P.A. Sydney P. Young, C.P.A. Donna M. Roberts, C.P.A. 133 South Harbor Drive . Venice, Florida 34285 Tel: 941,488,7794 Fax: 941,488,1718 www.mbinsonhanks.com

December 16, 2016

Office of Administrative Review Federal Election Commission 999 E Street NW Washington, DC 20463

Re: Carlos Beruff for Senate, CO 610113, AF#3163

9414881718

Dear Office of Administrative Review:

30 350 116 RGv3

I am appealing the fine on multiple grounds. The first is the calculation of the fine. Since Carlos Beruff was not in the general election the October 15 report was not an Election Sensitive Report (as per 111.43(d)(1)). The total activity was \$756,532 and 18 days late. Based upon this information, the correct administrative fine would be \$8,000 and not the amount in your letter dated December 9, 2016.

I do want to bring to your attention that during this reporting period Florida was hit by a category 5 hurricane. Trying to acquire the necessary data from Jacksonville was problematic. Over 1 million homes were without power and we endured wide spread flooding. I alone made the decision to allow the staff to take care of their personal situation prior to coming back to work. Once these issues were resolved we filed the report within 24 hours. This severe weather delayed the timely filing of the report.

I do want to draw to your attention the fact that we have never reported late and now have received an audit letter. I respectfully request that the penalty be abated.

Thank you.

Sincerely

Eric Robinson, CPA

Treasurer for Carlos Beruff for Senate



February 23, 2017

# REVIEWING OFFICER RECOMMENDATION OFFICE OF ADMINISTRATIVE REVIEW ("OAR")

AF# 3163 - Carlos Beruff for Senate Inc. and Eric Robinson, in his official capacity as Treasurer (C00610113)

# **Summary of Recommendation**

Make a final determination that the respondents violated 52 U.S.C. § 30104(a) and assess a \$10,382 civil money penalty.

# Reason-to-Believe Background

The 2016 October Quarterly was due on October 15, 2016. The respondents filed a Termination Report to cover the reporting period on November 2, 2016, 18 days late. The report is not election sensitive and was filed within 30 days; therefore, the report is considered late. 11 C.F.R. §§ 111.43(d)(1) and (e)(1).

On December 9, 2016, the Commission found reason to believe ("RTB") that the respondents violated 52 U.S.C. § 30104(a) for failing to timely file the 2016 October Quarterly Report and made a preliminary determination that the civil money penalty was \$10,382 based on the schedule of penalties at 11 C.F.R. § 111.43. A letter was mailed to the respondents' address of record from the Reports Analysis Division ("RAD") on December 09, 2016 to notify them of the Commission's RTB finding and civil money penalty.

# Legal Requirements

The Federal Election Campaign Act ("Act") states that the treasurer of a principal campaign committee shall file a report for the quarter ending September 30 no later than October 15. 52 U.S.C. § 30104(a) and 11 C.F.R. § 104.5(a)(1)(i). All reports required to be filed by the principal campaign committee of a candidate for the office of U.S. Senator shall be filed with the Secretary of the Senate. 52 U.S.C. § 30102(g) and 11 C.F.R. § 105.2. If the report is sent by registered or certified mail, by Express or Priority Mail with delivery confirmation or by overnight delivery service with an online tracking system, and scheduled for next business day delivery, it must be postmarked, or deposited with the mailing service, no later than the filing date to be timely filed. 52 U.S.C. § 30104(a)(5), and 11 C.F.R. §§ 100.19 and 104.5(e). The treasurer shall be personally responsible for the timely and complete filing of reports and for the accuracy of any information or statement contained in it. 11 C.F.R. § 104.14(d).

# Respondents' Challenge

On December 27, 2016, the Commission received the written response ("challenge") from the Treasurer. The challenge states the penalty was incorrectly calculated. The Treasurer explains that the report was not election sensitive, the level of activity was \$756,532, and the report was filed 18 days late. Therefore, the respondents believe the fine should be \$8,000.

Further, the respondents explain:

I do want to bring to your attention that during this reporting period Florida was hit by a category 5 hurricane. Trying to acquire the necessary data from Jacksonville was problematic. Over 1 million homes were without power and we endured wide spread flooding. I alone made the decision to allow the staff to take care of their personal situation prior to coming back to work. Once these issues were resolved we filed the report within 24 hours. This severe weather delayed the timely filing of the report.

The Treasurer concludes by mentioning the Committee has never filed a report late and requesting the penalty be waived.

# **Analysis**

The 2016 October Quarterly Report was due on October 15, 2016. On November 1, 2016, RAD sent a non-filer notification via email to "eric@robinsonhanks.com" and "ashley@robinsonhanks.com," the email addresses listed on the Committee's Statement of Organization. There are no records to indicate the respondents contacted the Commission regarding the late filing of the report at any point.

The Treasurer contends that severe weather resulting from a hurricane prevented the respondents from timely filing the 2016 October Quarterly Report. The Treasurer further explains that Committee staff were personally impacted by power outages and wide-spread flooding, and he allowed them "to take care of their personal situation prior to coming back to work."

On October 8, 2016, President Obama declared that as a result of Hurricane Matthew, a major disaster existed in Florida. FEMA-4283-DR, as amended November 4, 2016, declared the incident period to be October 3 through October 19, 2016 and designated several counties adversely affected by the disaster. As contended in the challenge, the Jacksonville area, situated on the state's northeast coast, was impacted by the event. Jacksonville is a city in Duval County, one of the counties the Federal Emergency Management Agency ("FEMA") designated as adversely affected by the disaster and eligible for assistance under FEMA-4283-DR.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The Committee does not contend that the area of Venice, Florida, the official address of the Committee and its CPA, was directly impacted by the severe weather. Venice, in Sarasota County, is situated on the state's southwest coast. Sarasota County was not designated as a county adversely impacted by the disaster and eligible for assistance under FEMA-4283-DR. Further, on October 7, 2016, the National Hurricane Center ("NHC") issued a statement declaring the Tampa Bay Area, including Venice, and the western part of the state would not be significantly impacted by Hurricane Matthew.

The respondents' challenge contends they satisfied the "best efforts" defense. The "best efforts" defense is a two-part test: the respondents used best efforts to file on time but were prevented from doing so by reasonably unforeseen circumstances that were beyond their control and they filed the report no later than 24 hours after the end of these circumstances. Further, the Commission states in its Explanation and Justification for Revised 11 CFR § 111.35(b)(3) – "Best Efforts" Defense, 72 Fed. Reg. 14662, 14664-14666 (Mar. 29, 2007) that...

...the respondents bear the burden of showing that the reasonably unforeseen circumstances in fact prevented the timely and proper filing of the required report...[T]his rule requires a strict causal relationship between the circumstances described in the challenge (such as a natural disaster) and the respondent's inability to file the report timely. It is not sufficient for reasonably unforeseen circumstances to make it merely more difficult than usual for the respondent to file on time...A respondent must show that the report was properly filed no later than 24 hours after the resolution of the circumstances preventing the timely filing... (emphasis included)

The Reviewing Officer agrees that the severe weather may be considered an unforeseen circumstance beyond the respondents' control. 11 C.F.R. § 111.35(c)(3). However, the challenge does not provide evidence to support that the respondents filed the report within 24 hours of the end of their circumstance or that they were *in fact prevented* from filing the report until November 2, 2016, 18 days after the due date and 14 days after the close of the formal disaster incident period. Therefore, the "best efforts" defense does not succeed based on the facts presented in the challenge.

The Reviewing Officer also confirms the penalty was correctly calculated at RTB. The Committee filed a Termination Report covering the 2016 October Quarterly reporting period on November 2, 2016, 18 days late. The report is not election sensitive and the level of activity disclosed is \$756,532. Using the schedule of penalties at 11 C.F.R § 111.43(a) for the level of activity bracket of \$750,000 - 849,999.99, the civil money penalty is  $[$5,468 + ($273 \times 18 \text{ days late})] \times [1 + (.25 \times 0 \text{ previous violations})] \text{ or $$10,382}.$ 

Their challenge fails to adequately address any of the three valid grounds at 11 C.F.R § 111.35(b). These are: (i) the RTB finding is based on factual errors; and/or (ii) the improper calculation of the civil money penalty; and/or (iii) they used best efforts to file on time but were prevented from doing so by reasonably unforeseen circumstances that were beyond their control and they filed the report no later than 24 hours after the end of these circumstances. 11 C.F.R. § 111.35(b). A committee's history of compliance and intent to terminate are also not considered. Therefore, the Reviewing Officer recommends that the Commission make a final determination that the respondents violated 52 U.S.C. § 30104(a) and assess a \$10,382 civil money penalty.

# **OAR Recommendations**

- 1. Adopt the Reviewing Officer recommendation for AF# 3163 that Carlos Beruff for Senate Inc. and Eric Robinson, in his official capacity as Treasurer, in making the final determination;
- 2. Make a final determination in AF# 3163 that Carlos Beruff for Senate Inc. and Eric Robinson, in his official capacity as Treasurer, violated 52 U.S.C. § 30104(a) and assess a \$10,382 civil money penalty; and
- 3. Send the appropriate letter.

# **Attachments**

Attachment 1 -

Attachment 2 - Federal Register Notices for FEMA-4283-DR

Attachment 3 - NHC Local Statement for Tampa Bay Area

Attachment 4 - Explanation and Justification, 72 Fed. Reg. 14662-14668 (Mar. 29, 2007)

Attachment 5 - Declaration from RAD

Attachment 6 - Declaration from OAR



Disaster Unemployment Assistance (DUA); 97.046, Fire Management Assistance Grant; 97.048, Disaster Housing Assistance to Individuals and Households in Presidentially Declared Disaster Areas; 97.049, Presidentially Declared Disaster Assistance—Disaster Housing Operations for Individuals and Households; 97.050, Presidentially Declared Disaster Assistance to Individuals and Households—Other Needs; 97.036, Disaster Grants—Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Disasters); 97.039, Hazard Mitigation Grant.

### W. Craig Fugate,

Administrator, Federal Emergency Management Agency.

[FR Dot:. 2016-25580 Filed 10-21-16; 8:45 am]

# DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY

# Federal Emergency Management Agency

[Internal Agency Docket No. FEMA-3379-EM; Docket ID FEMA-2016-0001]

# Georgia; Emergency and Related Determinations

AGENCY: Federal Emergency Management Agency, DHS.

**ACTION:** Notice.

SUMMARY: This is a notice of the Presidential declaration of an emergency for the State of Georgia (FEMA-3379-EM), dated October 6, 2016, and related determinations. DATES: Effective Date: October 6, 2016. FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Dean Webster, Office of Response and Recovery, Federal Emergency Management Agency, 500 C Street SW., Washington, DC 20472, (202) 646-2833. SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Notice is hereby given that, in a letter dated October 6, 2016, the President issued an emergency declaration under the authority of the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act, 42 U.S.C. 5121-5207 (the Stafford Act), as follows:

I have determined that the emergency conditions in the State of Georgia resulting from Hurricane Matthew beginning on October 4, 2016, and continuing, are of sufficient severity and magnitude to warrant an emergency declaration under the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act, 42 U.S.C. 5121 et seq. ("the Stafford Act"). Therefore, I declare that such an emergency exists in the State of Georgia.

You are authorized to provide appropriate assistance for required emergency measures, authorized under Title V of the Stafford Act, to save lives and to protect property and public health and safety, and to lessen or avert the threat of a catastrophe in the

designated areas. Specifically, you are authorized to provide assistance for emergency protective measures (Category B), limited to direct Federal assistance, under the Public Assistance program.

Consistent with the requirement that Federal assistance is supplemental, any Federal funds provided under the Stafford Act for Public Assistance will be limited to 75 percent of the total eligible costs. In order to provide Federal assistance, you are hereby authorized to allocate from funds available for these purposes such amounts as you find necessary for Federal emergency assistance and administrative expenses.

Further, you are authorized to make changes to this declaration for the approved assistance to the extent allowable under the Stafford Act.

The Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) hereby gives notice that pursuant to the authority vested in the Administrator, Department of Homeland Security, under Executive Order 12148, as amended, Warren J. Riley, of FEMA is appointed to act as the Federal Coordinating Officer for this declared emergency.

The following areas of the State of Georgia have been designated as adversely affected by this declared emergency:

Appling, Atkinson, Bacon, Brantley, Bryan, Bulloch, Burke, Camden, Candler, Charlton, Chatham, Clinch, Coffee, Echols, Effingham, Emanuel, Evans, Glynn, Jeff Davis, Jenkins, Liberty, Long, McIntosh, Pierce, Screven, Tattnall, Toombs, Treutlen, Ware, and Wayne Counties for emergency protective measures (Category B), limited to direct federal assistance, under the Public Assistance program.

The following Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance Numbers (CFDA) are to be used for reporting and drawing funds: 97.030, Community Disaster Loans; 97.031, Cora Brown Fund; 97.032, Crisis Counseling; 97.033, Disaster Legal Services; 97.034, Disaster Unemployment Assistance (DUA); 97.046, Fire Management Assistance Crant; 97.048, Disaster Housing Assistance to Individuals and Households In Presidentially Declared Disaster Areas; 97.049, Presidentially Declared Disaster Assistance-Disaster Housing Operations for Individuals and Households; 97.050, Presidentially Declared Disaster Assistance to Individuals and Households-Other Needs; 97.036, Disaster Grants-Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Disasters); 97.039, Hazard Mitigation Grant.

### W. Craig Fugate,

Administrator, Federal Emergency Management Agency. [FR Doc. 2016–25591 Filed 10–21–18; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 9111–23–P

# DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY

# Federal Emergency Management Agency

(Internal Agency Docket No. FEMA-4283-DR; Docket ID FEMA-2016-0001)

# Florida; Major Disaster and Related Determinations

AGENCY: Federal Emergency Management Agency, DHS. ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: This is a notice of the Presidential declaration of a major disaster for the State of Florida (FEMA-4283-DR), dated October 8, 2016, and related determinations.

DATES: Effective Date: October 8, 2016.
FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:
Dean Webster, Office of Response and
Recovery, Federal Emergency
Management Agency, 500 C Street SW.,
Washington, DC 20472, (202) 646–2833.
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Notice is
hereby given that, in a letter dated
October 8, 2016, the President issued a
major disaster declaration under the
authority of the Robert T. Stafford
Disaster Relief and Emergency
Assistance Act, 42 U.S.C. 5121 et seq.
(the "Stafford Act"), as follows:

I have determined that the damage in certain areas of the State of Florida resulting from Hurricane Matthew beginning on October 3, 2016, and continuing, is of sufficient severity and magnitude to warrant a major disaster declaration under the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act, 42 U.S.C. 5121 et seq. (the "Stafford Act"). Therefore, I declare that such a major disaster exists in the State of Florida.

In order to provide Federal assistance, you are hereby authorized to allocate from funds available for these purposes such amounts as you find necessary for Federal disaster assistance and administrative expenses.

You are authorized to provide assistance for debris removal and emergency protective measures (Categories A and B) under the Public Assistance program in the designated areas, Hazard Mitigation throughout the State, and any other forms of assistance under the Stafford Act that you deem appropriate subject to completion of Preliminary Damage Assessments (PDAs). Direct Federal assistance is authorized.

Consistent with the requirement that Federal assistance is supplemental, any Federal funds provided under the Stafford Act for Hazard Mitigation will be limited to 75 percent of the total eligible costs. Federal funds provided under the Stafford Act for Public Assistance also will be limited to 75 percent of the total eligible costs, with the exception of projects that meet the eligibility criteria for a higher Federal cost-sharing percentage under the Public Assistance Alternative Procedures Pilot Program for Debris Removal implemented pursuant to section 428 of the Stafford Act.

Further, you are authorized to make changes to this declaration for the approved assistance to the extent allowable under the Stafford Act.

The Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) hereby gives notice that pursuant to the authority vested in the Administrator, under Executive Order 12148, as amended, Terry L. Quarles, of FEMA is appointed to act as the Federal Coordinating Officer for this major disaster.

The following areas of the State of Florida have been designated as adversely affected by this major disaster:

Brevard, Duval, Flagler, Indian River, Nassau.

St. Johns, St. Lucie, and Volusia Counties for debris removal and emergency protective measures (Categories A and B), including direct federal assistance, under the Public Assistance program.

All areas within the State of Florida are eligible for assistance under the Hazard Mitigation Grant Program.

The following Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance Numbers (CFDA) are to be used for reporting and drawing funds: 97.030, Community Disaster Loans; 97.031, Cora Brown Fund; 97.032, Crisis Counseling; 97.033, Disaster Legal Services; 97.034 Disaster Unemployment Assistance (DUA); 97.046, Fire Management Assistance Grant; 97.048, Disaster Housing Assistance to Individuals and Households in Presidentially Declared Disaster Areas; 97.049, Presidentially Declared Disaster Assistance-Disaster Housing Operations for Individuals and Households; 97.050, Presidentially Declared Disaster Assistance to Individuals and Households-Other Needs; 97.036, Disaster Crants-Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Disasters); 97.039, Hazard Mitigation Grant.

# W. Craig Fugate,

Administrator, Federal Emergency Management Agency.

[FR Doc. 2016–25590 Filed 10–21–16; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 9111–23–P

# DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY

Transportation Security Administration [Docket No. TSA-2006-24191]

Intent To Request Revision From OMB of One Current Public Collection of Information: Transportation Worker Identification Credential (TWIC®) Program

AGENCY: Transportation Security Administration, DHS. ACTION: 60-day notice.

SUMMARY: The Transportation Security Administration (TSA) invites public comment on one currently approved Information Collection Request (ICR), Office of Management and Budget (OMB) control number 1652–0047, abstracted below that we will submit to OMB for revision in compliance with the Paperwork Reduction Act (PRA). The ICR describes the nature of the information collection and its expected burden. The collection involves the submission of identifying and other information by individuals applying for a TWIC® and a customer satisfaction survey.

**DATES:** Send your comments by December 23, 2016.

ADDRESSES: Comments may be emailed to TSAPRA@tsa.dhs.gov or delivered to the TSA PRA Officer, Office of Information Technology (OIT), TSA-11, Transportation Security Administration, 601 South 12th Street, Arlington, VA 20598-6011.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Christina A. Walsh at the above address, or by telephone (571) 227–2062. SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

### **Comments Invited**

In accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (44 U.S.C. 3501 et seq.), an agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, a collection of information unless it displays a valid OMB control number. The ICR documentation is available at <a href="http://www.reginfo.gov">http://www.reginfo.gov</a>. Therefore, in preparation for OMB review and approval of the following information collection, TSA is soliciting comments to—

(1) Evaluate whether the proposed information requirement is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the agency, including whether the information will have practical utility;

(2) Evaluate the accuracy of the agency's estimate of the burden;

(3) Enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and

(4) Minimize the burden of the collection of information on those who are to respond, including using appropriate automated, electronic, mechanical, or other technological collection techniques or other forms of information technology.

### **Information Collection Requirement**

OMB Control Number 1652-0047; Transportation Worker Identification Credential (TWIC®) Program. TSA developed the Transportation Worker Identification Credential (TWIC®) program to mitigate threats and vulnerabilities in the national transportation system. TWIC® is a common credential for all personnel requiring unescorted access to secure

areas of facilities and vessels regulated under the Maritime Transportation Security Act (MTSA) and all mariners holding U.S. Coast Guard (Coast Guard) credentials. Before issuing an individual a TWIC®, TSA performs a security threat assessment, which requires TSA to collect certain personal information such as name, address, date of birth and other information. Applicants are also required to provide fingerprints, photograph, and undergo checks for ties to terrorism, applicable immigration status and a criminal history records check. Also, individuals in the field of transportation who are required to undergo a security threat assessment in certain other programs, such as the Chemical Facility Anti-Terrorism (CFATS) program, may apply for a TWIC® and the associated security threat assessment to satisfy CFATS requirements.

The program implements authorities set forth in the Aviation and Transportation Security Act (ATSA) (Pub. L. 107-71; Nov. 19, 2002; sec. 106), the Maritime Transportation Security Act of 2002 (MTSA) (Pub. L. 107-295; Nov. 25, 2002; sec. 102), and the Safe, Accountable, Flexible, Efficient Transportation Equity Act—A Legacy for Users (SAFETEA-LU) (Pub. L. 109-59; Aug. 10, 2005; sec. 7105), codified at 49 U.S.C. 5103a(g). TSA and the U.S. Coast Guard issued a joint notice of proposed rulemaking (NPRM) on May 22, 2006, 71 FR 29396. After consideration of public comments on the NPRM, TSA issued a joint final rule with the Coast Guard on January 25, 2007 (72 FR 3492), applicable to the maritime transportation sector that would require this information

collection.

TSA collects data from applicants during an optional pre-enrollment step or during the enrollment session at an enrollment center. TSA will use the information collected to conduct a security threat assessment, which includes: (1) A criminal history records check; (2) a check of intelligence databases; and (3) an immigration status check. TSA may also use the information to determine a TWIC holder's eligibility to participate in TSA's expedited screening program for air travel, TSA Pre/9. TSA invites all TWIC® applicants to complete an optional survey to gather information on the applicants' overall customer satisfaction with the enrollment process. This optional survey is administered by a Trusted Agent (a representative of the TWIC<sup>∞</sup> enrollment service provider, who performs enrollment functions) during the process to activate the TWIC. These surveys are collected at



are closed to the public as indicated on the agenda in accordance with the provisions set forth in section 552(c)(6), Title 5 U.S.C., as amended, for the review, discussion, and evaluation of individual intramural programs and projects conducted by the NIEHS, including consideration of personnel qualifications and performance, and the competence of individual investigators, the disclosure of which would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy.

The BSC will provide input to the NTP on programmatic activities and issues. Preliminary agenda topics include: Reports from the NIEHS/NTP Director and the NTP Associate Director, updates on projects and recent meetings, a report on release of the 14th Report on Carcinogens, and draft concepts for substances nominated for the Report on Carcinogens.

A preliminary agenda, roster of BSC members, background materials, public comments, and any additional information, when available, will be posted on the BSC meeting Web site (http://ntp.niehs.nih.gov/go/165) or may be requested in hardcopy from the Designated Federal Officer for the BSC. Following the meeting, summary minutes will be prepared and made available on the BSC meeting Web site.

The public may attend the open portions of the meeting in person on both days or view the webcast on December 15. Registration is required to view the Web cast; the URL for the webcast will be provided in the email confirming registration. Individuals who plan to provide oral comments (see below) are encouraged to register online at the BSC meeting Web site (http:// ntp.niehs.nih.gov/go/165) by December 7, 2016, to facilitate planning for the meeting. Individuals interested in this meeting are encouraged to access the Web site to stay abreast of the most current information regarding the meeting. Visitor and security information for those attending inperson is available at niehs.nih.gov/ about/visiting/index.cfm. Individuals with disabilities who need accommodation to participate in this event should contact Ms. Robbin Guy at phone: (919) 541-4363 or email: guyr2@ niehs.nih.gov. TTY users should contact the Federal TTY Relay Service at 800-877-8339. Requests should be made at least five business days in advance of the event.

Request for Comments: Written comments submitted in response to this notice should be received by November 30, 2016. Comments will be posted on the BSC meeting Web site and persons submitting them will be identified by

their name, affiliation, and sponsoring organization, if applicable. Persons submitting written comments should include their name, affiliation (if applicable), phone, email, and sponsoring organization (if any) with the document. Guidelines for public comments are at <a href="http://ntp.niehs.nih.gov/ntp/about\_ntp/guidelines\_public\_comments\_508.pdf">http://ntp.niehs.nih.gov/ntp/about\_ntp/guidelines\_public\_comments\_508.pdf</a>.

Time is allotted during the meeting, as indicated on the agenda, for the public to present oral comments to the BSC on the agenda topics. Public comments can be presented in-person at the meeting or by teleconference line. There are 50 lines for this call; availability is on a first-come, firstserved basis. The lines will be open on December 15 from 8:30 a.m. until adjournment; however, the BSC will receive public comments only during the formal public comment periods, which are indicated on the preliminary agenda. Each organization is allowed one time slot per agenda topic. Each speaker is allotted at least 7 minutes, which if time permits, may be extended to 10 minutes at the discretion of the BSC chair. Please note that the time limit may be modified depending on the number of individuals who register for oral comments. Persons wishing to present oral comments should register on the BSC meeting Web site by December 7, 2016, indicate whether they will present comments in-person or via the teleconference line, and indicate the topic(s) on which they plan to comment. The access number for the teleconference line will be provided to registrants by email prior to the meeting. On-site registration for oral comments will also be available on the meeting day, although time allowed for comments by these registrants may be limited and will be determined by the number of persons who register at the meeting.

Persons registering to make oral comments are asked to send a copy of their statement and/or PowerPoint slides to the Designated Federal Officer by December 7, 2016. Written statements can supplement and may expand upon the oral presentation. If registering on-site and reading from written text, please bring 20 copies of the statement for distribution to the BSC and NTP staff and to supplement the record.

Background Information on the BSC: The BSC is a technical advisory body comprised of scientists from the public and private sectors that provides primary scientific oversight to the NTP. Specifically, the BSC advises the NTP on matters of scientific program content, both present and future, and conducts

periodic review of the program for the purpose of determining and advising on the scientific merit of its activities and their overall scientific quality. Its members are selected from recognized authorities knowledgeable in fields such as toxicology, pharmacology, pathology, biochemistry, epidemiology, risk assessment, carcinogenesis, mutagenesis, molecular biology, behavioral toxicology, neurotoxicology, immunotoxicology, reproductive toxicology or teratology, and biostatistics. Members serve overlapping terms of up to four years. The BSC usually meets biannually. The authority for the BSC is provided by 42 U.S.C. 217a, section 222 of the Public Health Service Act (PHS), as amended. The BSC is governed by the provisions of the Federal Advisory Committee Act, as amended (5 U.S.C. app.), which sets forth standards for the formation and use of advisory committees.

Dated: October 27, 2016.

Linda S. Birnbaum,

Director, National Institute of Environmental, Health Sciences and National Toxicology Program.

[FR Doc. 2016-26609 Filed 11-2-16; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 4140-01-P

# DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY

# Federal Emergency Management Agency

[Internal Agency Docket No. FEMA-4283-DR; Docket ID FEMA-2016-0001]

Florida; Amendment No. 2 to Notice of a Major Disaster Declaration

AGENCY: Federal Emergency Management Agency, DHS. ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: This notice amends the notice of a major disaster declaration for the State of Florida (FEMA-4283-DR), dated October 8, 2016, and related determinations.

DATES: Effective Date: October 19, 2016. FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Dean Webster, Office of Response and Recovery, Federal Emergency Management Agency, 500 C Street SW., Washington, DC 20472, (202) 646–2833. SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The notice of a major disaster declaration for the State of Florida is hereby amended to include the following areas among those areas determined to have been adversely affected by the event declared a major disaster by the President in his declaration of October 8, 2016.



Brevard and Indian River Counties for Individual Assistance (already designated for assistance for debris removal and emergency protective measures [Categories A and B], including direct federal assistance, under the Public Assistance program].

Putnam County for assistance for debris removal and emergency protective measures (Categories A and B), including direct federal assistance, under the Public Assistance program (already designated for Individual

The following Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance Numbers (CFDA) are to be used for reporting and drawing funds: 97.030, Community Disaster Loans; 97.031, Cora Brown Fund; 97.032, Crisis Counseling; 97.033, Disaster Legal Services; 97.034. Disaster Unemployment Assistance (DUA); 97.046, Fire Management Assistance Grant; 97.048, Disaster Housing Assistance to Individuals and Households In Presidentially Declared Disaster Areas; 97.049, Presidentially Declared Disaster Assistance-Disaster Housing Operations for Individuals and Households; 97.050 Presidentially Declared Disaster Assistance to Individuals and Households—Other Needs; 97.036, Disaster Grants—Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Disasters); 97.039, Hazard Mitigation Grant.

### W. Craig Fugate,

Administrator, Federal Emergency Management Agency.

[FR Doc. 2016-26581 Filed 11-2-16; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 9111-23-P

# DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY

# Federal Emergency Management Agency

[Internal Agency Docket No. FEMA-4283-DR]; [Docket ID FEMA-2016-0001]

Florida; Amendment No. 1 to Notice of a Major Disaster Declaration

AGENCY: Federal Emergency Management Agency, DHS. ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: This notice amends the notice of a major disaster declaration for the State of Florida (FEMA-4283-DR), dated October 8, 2016, and related determinations.

DATES: Effective Date: October 17, 2016. FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Dean Webster, Office of Response and Recovery, Federal Emergency
Management Agency, 500 C Street SW., Washington, DC 20472, (202) 646–2833. SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The notice of a major disaster declaration for the State of Florida is hereby amended to include the Individual Assistance program for the following areas among those areas determined to have been adversely affected by the event declared

a major disaster by the President in his declaration of October 8, 2016.

Flagler, St. Johns, and Volusia Counties for Individual Assistance (already designated for assistance for debris removal and emergency protective measures [Categories A and B], including direct federal assistance, under the Public Assistance program).

Putnam County for Individual Assistance. The following Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance Numbers (CFDA) are to be used for reporting and drawing funds: 97.030, Community Disaster Loans; 97.031, Cora Brown Fund; 97.032, Crisis Counseling; 97.033, Disaster Legal Services; 97.034 Disaster Unemployment Assistance (DUA); 97.046, Fire Management Assistance Grant; 97.048, Disaster Housing Assistance to Individuals and Households in Presidentially Declared Disaster Areas; 97.049, Presidentially Declared Disaster Assistance-Disaster Housing Operations for Individuals and Households; 97.050 Presidentially Declared Disaster Assistance to Individuals and Households—Other Needs; 97.036, Disaster Grants—Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Disasters); 97.039, Hazard Mitigation Grant.

### W. Craig Fugate,

Administrator, Federal Emergency Management Agency. (FR Doc. 2018–26582 Filed 11–2–16; 8:45 am) BILLING CODE 9111–23–P

# DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY

# Federal Emergency Management Agency

[Internal Agency Docket No. FEMA-4284-DR]; [Docket ID FEMA-2016-0001]

# Georgia; Amendment No. 3 to Notice of a Major Disaster Declaration

AGENCY: Federal Emergency Management Agency, DHS. ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: This notice amends the notice of a major disaster declaration for the State of Georgia (FEMA-4284-DR), dated October 8, 2016, and related determinations.

DATES: Effective Date: October 20, 2016. FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:
Dean Webster, Office of Response and Recovery, Federal Emergency
Management Agency, 500 C Street SW., Washington, DC 20472, (202) 646–2833.
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The notice of a major disaster declaration for the State of Georgia is hereby amended to include the following areas among those areas determined to have been adversely affected by the event declared a major disaster by the President in his declaration of October 8, 2016.

Brantley, Candler, Emanuel, Evans, Jenkins, Long, Pierce, Tattnall, and Toombs Counties for Public Assistance, including direct federal assistance.

Bryen, Bulloch, Chatham, Effingham, Glynn, McIntosh, and Wayne for Public Assistance (Categories C-G) (already designated for Individual Assistance and assistance for debris removal and emergency protectivo measures (Categories A and B), including direct federal assistance, under the Public Assistance program).

Camden, Liberty, and Screven Counties for Public Assistance [Categories C–G] (already designated for assistance for debris removal and emergency protective measures [Categories Λ and B], including direct federal assistance, under the Public Assistance

The following Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance Numbers (CFDA) arc to be used for reporting and drawing funds: 97.030, Community Disaster Loans; 97.031, Cora Brown Fund; 97.032, Crisis Counseling; 97.033, Disaster Legal Services; 97.034, Disaster Unemployment Assistance (DUA): 97.046, Fire Management Assistance Grant; 97.048, Disaster Housing Assistance to Individuals and Households In Presidentially Declared Disaster Areas; 97.049. Presidentially Declared Disaster Assistance-Disaster Housing Operations for Individuals and Households; 97.050 Presidentially Declared Disaster Assistance to Individuals and Households—Other Needs; 97.036, Disaster Grants—Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Disasters); 97.039, Hazard Mitigation Grant.

### W. Craig Fugate,

Administrator, Federal Emergency Management Agency. [FR Doc. 2016–26579 Filed 11–2–16; 8:45 sm] BILLING CODE 9111–23–P

# DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY

### Federal Emergency Management Agency

[Internal Agency Docket No. FEMA-4283-DR]; [Docket ID FEMA-2016-0001]

# Florida; Amendment No. 6 to Notice of a Major Disaster Declaration

AGENCY: Federal Emergency Management Agency, DHS.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: This notice amends the notice of a major disaster declaration for the State of Florida (FEMA-4283-DR), dated October 8, 2016, and related determinations.

DATES: Effective Date: October 27, 2016.
FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:
Dean Webster, Office of Response and
Recovery, Federal Emergency
Management Agency, 500 C Street SW.,
Washington, DC 20472, (202) 646–2833.



SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The notice of a major disaster declaration for the State of Florida is hereby amended to include the following areas among those areas determined to have been adversely affected by the event declared a major disaster by the President in his declaration of October 8, 2016.

Bradford and Lake Counties for Public Assistance, including direct federal assistance. Seminole County for Public Assistance, including direct federal assistance (already designated for Individual Assistance).

The following Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance Numbers (CFDA) are to be used for reporting and drawing funds: 97.030, Community Disaster Loans; 97.031, Cora Brown Fund; 97.032, Crisis Counseling; 97.033, Disaster Legal Services; 97.034 Disaster Unemployment Assistance (DUA); 97.046, Fire Management Assistance Crant; 97.048, Disaster Housing Assistance to Individuals and Households In Presidentially Declared Disaster Areas; 97.049, Presidentially Declared Disaster Assistance Disaster Housing Operations for Individuals and Households; 97.050 Presidentially Declared Disaster Assistance to Individuals and Households—Other Needs; 97.036, Disaster Grants—Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Disasters); 97.039, Hazard Mitigation Grant.

### W. Craig Fugate,

Administrator, Federal Emergency Management Agency.

[FR Doc. 2016-26575 Filed 11-2-16; 8:45 am]

# DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY

# Federal Emergency Management Agency

[Internal Agency Docket No. FEMA-4284-DR; Docket ID FEMA-2016-0001]

# Georgia; Amendment No. 2 to Notice of a Major Disaster Declaration

AGENCY: Federal Emergency Management Agency, DHS. ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: This notice amends the notice of a major disaster declaration for the State of Georgia (FEMA-4284-DR), dated October 8, 2016, and related determinations.

DATES: Effective Date: October 17, 2016. FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Dean Webster, Office of Response and Recovery, Federal Emergency Management Agency, 500 C Street SW., Washington, DC 20472, (202) 646–2833. SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The notice of a major disaster declaration for the State of Georgia is hereby amended to include the Individual Assistance

program and following areas among those areas determined to have been adversely affected by the event declared a major disaster by the President in his declaration of October 8, 2016.

Bryan, Chatham, Glynn, and McIntosh Counties for Individual Assistance (already designated for assistance for debris removal and emergency protective measures [Categories A and B], including direct federal assistance, under the Public Assistance program).

Bulloch, Effingham, and Wayne Counties for Individual Assistance and assistance for debris removal and emergency protective measures (Categories A and B), including direct federal assistance, under the Public Assistance program.

Screven County for assistance for debris removal and emergency protective measures (Categories A and B), including direct federal assistance, under the Public Assistance

program. The following Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance Numbers (CFDA) are to be used for reporting and drawing funds: 97.030, Community Disaster Loans; 97.031, Cora Brown Fund; 97.032, Crisis Counseling; 97.033, Disaster Legal Services; 97.034 Disaster Unemployment Assistance (DUA); 97.046, Fire Management Assistance Grant; 97.048, Disaster Housing Assistance to Individuals and Households In Presidentially Declared Disaster Areas; 97.049, Presidentially Declared Disaster Assistance-Disaster Housing Operations for Individuals and Households: 97.050 Presidentially Declared Disaster Assistance to Individuals and Households—Other Needs; 97.036, Disaster Grants—Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Disasters); 97.039, Hazard Mitigation Grant.

### W. Craig Fugate,

Administrator, Federal Emergency Management Agency.

(FR Doc. 2016-26573 Filed 11-2-18; 8:45 am) BILLING CODE 9111-23-P

# DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY

# Federal Emergency Management Agency

[Internal Agency Docket No. FEMA-4283-DR]; [Docket ID FEMA-2016-0001]

# Florida; Amendment No. 3 to Notice of a Major Disaster Declaration

AGENCY: Federal Emergency Management Agency, DHS. ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: This notice amends the notice of a major disaster declaration for the State of Florida (FEMA-4283-DR), dated October 8, 2016, and related determinations.

DATES: Effective Date: October 24, 2016. FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Dean Webster, Office of Response and

Recovery, Federal Emergency
Management Agency, 500 C Street SW.,
Washington, DC 20472, (202) 646–2833.
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The notice
of a major disaster declaration for the
State of Florida is hereby amended to
include the following areas among those
areas determined to have been adversely
affected by the event declared a major
disaster by the President in his
declaration of October 8, 2016.

Duval County for Individual Assistance (already designated for assistance for debris removal and emergency protective measures [Categories A and B], including direct federal assistance, under the Public Assistance program).

Clay and Martin Counties for Public Assistance, including direct federal assistance.

Indian River, Putnam, St. Johns, and Volusia Counties for Public Assistance [Categories C-G] (already designated for Individual Assistance and assistance for debris removal and emergency protective measures [Categories A and B], including direct federal assistance, under the Public Assistance program).

Nassau County for Public Assistance [Categories C-G] (already designated for assistance for debris removal and emergency protective measures [Categories A and B], including direct federal assistance, under the Public Assistance program).

The following Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance Numbers (CFDA) are to be used for reporting and drawing funds: 97.030, Community Disaster Loans; 97.031, Cora Brown Fund; 97.032, Crisis Counseling; 97.033, Disaster Legal Services; 97.034, Disaster Unemployment Assistance (DUA); 97.046, Fire Management Assistance Grant; 97.048, Disaster Housing Assistance to Individuals and Households in Presidentially Declared Disaster Areas; 97.049, Presidentially Declared Disaster Assistance-Disaster Housing Operations for Individuals and Households; 97.050 Presidentially Declared Disaster Assistance to Individuals and Households-Other Needs; 97.036, Disaster Grents—Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Disasters); 97.039, Hazard Mitigation Grant.

# W. Craig Fugate,

Administrator, Federal Emergency Management Agency. [FR Doc. 2016–26580 Filed 11–2–16; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 9111–23–P

# DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY

# Federal Emergency Management Agency

[Internal Agency Docket No. FEMA-4283-DR: Docket ID FEMA-2016-0001

Florida; Amendment No. 5 to Notice of a Major Disaster Declaration

AGENCY: Federal Emergency Management Agency, DHS. **ACTION:** Notice.

SUMMARY: This notice amends the notice of a major disaster declaration for the State of Florida (FEMA-4283-DR), dated October 8, 2016, and related determinations.

DATES: Effective Date: October 25, 2016.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:
Dean Webster, Office of Response and
Recovery, Federal Emergency
Management Agency, 500 C Street SW.,
Washington, DC 20472, (202) 646–2833.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The notice of a major disaster declaration for the State of Florida is hereby amended to include the following areas among those areas determined to have been adversely affected by the event declared a major disaster by the President in his declaration of October 8, 2016.

Nassau County for Individual Assistance (already designated for Public Assistance, including direct federal assistance).

Seminole County for Individual Assistance.

Brevard, Duval, and Flagler Counties for Public Assistance [Categories C-G] (already designated for Individual Assistance and assistance for debris removal and emergency protective measures [Categories A and B], including direct federal assistance, under the Public Assistance program).

Palm Beach County for Public Assistance, including direct federal assistance.

St. Lucie County for Public Assistence [Categories C-G] (already designated for assistance for debris removal and emergency protective measures [Categories A and B], including direct federal assistance, under the Public Assistance program).

The following Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance Numbers (CFDA) are to be used for reporting and drawing funds: 97.030, Community Disaster Loans; 97.031, Cora Brown Fund; 97.032, Crisis Counseling; 97.033, Disaster Legal Services; 97.034, Disaster Unemployment Assistance (DUA); 97.046, Fire Management Assistance Grant; 97.048, Disaster Housing Assistance to Individuals and Households In Presidentially Declared Disaster Areas: 97.049. Presidentially Declared Disaster Assistance-Disaster Housing Operations for Individuals and Households; 97.050 Presidentially Declared Disaster Assistance to Individuals and Households-Other Needs; 97.036, Disaster Grants—Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Disasters); 97.039, Hazard Mitigation Grant.

### W. Craig Fugate.

Administrator, Federal Emergency Management Agericy. |FR Doc. 2016–26576 Filed 11–2–16; 8:45 am| BILLING CODE 9111–23–P

# DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY

# Federal Emergency Management Agency

[Internal Agency Docket No. FEMA-4284-DR; Docket ID FEMA-2016-0001]

# Georgia; Amendment No. 1 to Notice of a Major Disaster Declaration

AGENCY: Federal Emergency Management Agency, DHS. ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: This notice amends the notice of a major disaster declaration for the State of Georgia (FEMA-4284-DR), dated October 8, 2016, and related determinations.

DATES: Effective Date: October 15, 2016. FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Dean Webster, Office of Response and Recovery, Federal Emergency Management Agency, 500 C Street SW., Washington, DC 20472, (202) 646–2833. SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Notice is hereby given that the incident period for this disaster is closed effective October 15, 2016.

The following Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance Numbers (CFDA) are to be used for reporting and drawing funds: 97.030, Community Disaster Loans; 97.031, Cora Brown Fund; 97.032, Crisis Counseling: 97.033, Disaster Legal Services; 97.034. Disaster Unemployment Assistance (DUA); 97.046, Fire Management Assistance Grant; 97.048, Disaster Housing Assistance to Individuals and Households In Presidentially Declared Disaster Areas; 97.049, Presidentially Declared Disaster Assistance-Disaster Housing Operations for Individuals and Households; 97.050, Presidentially Declared Disaster Assistance to Individuals and Households—Other Needs; 97.036, Disaster Grants—Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Disasters); 97.039, Hazard Mitigation Grant.

### W. Craig Fugate,

Administrator, Federal Emergency Management Agency. [FR Doc. 2016–26574 Filed 11–2–16; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 9111–23–P

# DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY

# Federal Emergency Management Agency

[Internal Agency Docket No. FEMA-4283-DR]; [Docket ID FEMA-2016-0001]

Florida; Amendment No. 4 to Notice of a Major Disaster Declaration

AGENCY: Federal Emergency Management Agency, DHS. **ACTION:** Notice,

SUMMARY: This notice amends the notice of a major disaster declaration for the State of Florida (FEMA-4283-DR), dated October 8, 2016, and related determinations.

DATES: Effective Date: October 19, 2016. FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:
Dean Webster, Office of Response and Recovery, Federal Emergency
Management Agency, 500 C Street SW.,
Washington, DC 20472, (202) 646–2833.
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Notice is hereby given that the incident period for this disaster is closed effective October 19, 2016.

The following Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance Numbers (CFDA) are to be used for reporting and drawing funds: 97.030, Community Disaster Loans; 97.031, Cora Brown Fund; 97.032, Crisis Counseling; 97.033, Disaster Legal Services; 97.034, Disaster Unemployment Assistance (DUA): 97.046, Fire Management Assistance Grant; 97.048, Disaster Housing Assistance to Individuals and Households In Presidentially Declared Disaster Areas; 97.049, Presidentially Declared Disaster Assistance Disaster Housing Operations for Individuals and Households; 97.050, Presidentially Declared Disaster Assistance to Individuals and Households—Other Needs; 97.036, Disaster Grants—Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Disasters); 97.039, Hazard Mitigation Grant.

# W. Craig Fugato,

Administrator, Federal Emergency Management Agency. [FR Doc. 2016–26578 Filed 11–2–16; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 9111–23–P

# DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY

# Federal Emergency Management Agency

[Internal Agency Docket No. FEMA-4284-DR]; [Docket ID FEMA-2016-0001]

# Georgia; Amendment No. 4 to Notice of a Major Disaster Declaration

AGENCY: Federal Emergency Management Agency, DHS.

**ACTION:** Notice.

SUMMARY: This notice amends the notice of a major disaster declaration for the State of Georgia (FEMA-4284-DR), dated October 8, 2016, and related determinations.

DATES: Effective Date: October 24, 2016. FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Dean Webster, Office of Response and Recovery, Federal Emergency Management Agency, 500 C Street SW., Washington, DG 20472, (202) 646–2833.

# DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY

# Federal Emergency Management Agency

[Internal Agency Docket No. FEMA-4283-DR; Docket ID FEMA-2016-0001]

Florida; Amendment No. 8 to Notice of a Major Disaster Declaration

AGENCY: Federal Emergency Management Agency, DHS.

**ACTION**; Notice.

SUMMARY: This notice amends the notice of a major disaster declaration for State of Florida (FEMA-4283-DR), dated October 8, 2016, and related determinations.

DATES: Effective December 12, 2016.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Dean Webster, Office of Response and Recovery, Federal Emergency Management Agency, 500 C Street SW., Washington, DC 20472, (202) 646–2833.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) hereby gives notice that pursuant to the authority vested in the Administrator, under Executive Order 12148, as amended, Manny J. Toro, of FEMA is appointed to act as the Federal Coordinating Officer for this disaster.

This action terminates the appointment of Terry L. Quarles as Federal Coordinating Officer for this disaster.

The following Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance Numbers (CFDA) are to be used for reporting and drawing funds: 97.030, Community Disaster Loans; 97.031, Cora Brown Fund; 97.032, Crisis Counseling; 97.033, Disaster Legal Services; 97.034, Disaster Unemployment Assistance (DUA); 97.046, Fire Management Assistance Grant; 97.048, Disaster Housing Assistance to Individuals and Households In Presidentially Declared Disaster Areas; 97.049, Presidentially Declared Disaster Assistance-Disaster Housing Operations for Individuals and Households; 97.050, Presidentially Declared Disaster Assistance to Individuals and Households-Other Needs; 97.036, Disaster Grants—Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Disasters); 97.039, Hazard Mitigation Grant.

# W. Craig Fugate,

Administrator, Federal Emergency Management Agency. [FR Doc. 2016–31072 Filed 12–23–16; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 9111–23–P

# DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY

# Federal Emergency Management Agency

[Internal Agency Docket No. FEMA-4286-DR; Docket ID FEMA-2016-0001]

South Carolina; Amendment No. 8 to Notice of a Major Disaster Declaration

AGENCY: Federal Emergency Management Agency, DHS.

**ACTION:** Notice.

SUMMARY: This notice amends the notice of a major disaster declaration for State of South Carolina (FEMA-4286-DR), dated October 11, 2016, and related determinations.

DATES: Effective December 16, 2016.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Dean Webster, Office of Response and Recovery, Federal Emergency Management Agency, 500 C Street SW., Washington, DC 20472, (202) 646–2833.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) hereby gives notice that pursuant to the authority vested in the Administrator, under Executive Order 12148, as amended, Seamus K. Leary, of FEMA is appointed to act as the Federal Coordinating Officer for this disaster.

This action terminates the appointment of W. Michael Moore as Federal Coordinating Officer for this disaster.

The following Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance Numbers (CFDA) are to be used for reporting and drawing funds: 97.030, Community Disaster Loans; 97.031, Cora Brown Fund; 97.032, Crisis Counseling; 97.033, Disaster Legal Services; 97.034, Disaster Unemployment Assistance (DUA); 97.046, Fire Management Assistance Grant; 97.048, Disaster Housing Assistance to Individuals and Households In Presidentially Declared Disaster Areas; 97.049, Presidentially Declared Disaster Assistance-Disaster Housing Operations for Individuals and Households; 97.050, Presidentially Declared Disaster Assistance to Individuals and Households-Other Needs; 97.036, Disaster Grants-Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Disasters); 97.039, Hazard Mitigation Grant.

# W. Craig Fugate,

Administrator, Federal Emergency Management Agency. [FR Doc. 2016–31071 Filed 12–23–16; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 9111–23–P

# DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY

[DHS Docket No. ICEB-2015-0003]

RIN 1653-ZA11

Extension of Employment
Authorization for Nepali F-1
Nonimmigrant Students Experiencing
Severe Economic Hardship as a Direct
Result of the April 25, 2015 Earthquake
In the Federal Democratic Republic of
Nepal

**AGENCY:** U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement (ICE), DHS.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: This notice informs the public of the extension of an earlier notice, which suspended certain requirements for F-1 nonimmigrant students whose country of citizenship is the Federal Democratic Republic of Nepal (Nepal) and who are experiencing severe economic hardship as a direct result of the earthquake in Nepal on April 25, 2015. This notice extends the effective date of that earlier notice. These students will continue to be allowed to apply for employment authorization. work an increased number of hours while school is in session provided that they satisfy the minimum course load requirement, while continuing to maintain their F-1 student status until June 24, 2018.

DATES: This notice is effective December 27, 2016 and will remain in effect through June 24, 2018.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:
Louis Farrell, Director, Student and
Exchange Visitor Program; MS 5600,
U.S. Immigration and Customs
Enforcement; 500 12th Street SW.,
Washington, DC 20536–5600; (703) 603–
3400. This is not a toll-free number.
Program information can be found at
http://www.ice.gov/sevis/.

### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

# What action is DHS taking under this notice?

The Secretary of Homeland Security is exercising his authority under 8 CFR 214.2(f)(9) to extend the temporary suspension of certain requirements governing on-campus and off-campus employment for F-1 nonimmigrant students whose country of citizenship is Nepal and who are experiencing severc economic hardship as a direct result of the earthquake in Nepal on April 25, 2015. See 80 FR 69237 (Nov. 9, 2015). The original notice was effective from November 9, 2015, until December 24, 2016. Effective with this publication, suspension of the requirements is

Attachment 3 2 Pages

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# Local Statement for MATTHEW (Tampa Bay Area, FL) (Text)

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FLZ043-050-052-056-057-061-139-142-148-149-151-155-160-162-165-239-242-248-249-251-255-260-262-265-072330-

HURRICANE MATTHEW LOCAL STATEMENT ADVISORY NUMBER 38 NATIONAL WEATHER SERVICE TAMPA BAY RUSKIN FL AL142016 1127 AM EDT FRI OCT 7 2016

THIS PRODUCT COVERS WEST CENTRAL AND SOUTHWEST FLORIDA

\*\*TROPICAL STORM WATCHES AND WARNINGS CANCELLED FOR WEST CENTRAL AND SOUTHWEST FLORIDA AS MATTHEW CONTINUES TO MOVE NORTH AWAY FROM THE AREA\*\*

### NEW INFORMATION

- \* CHANGES TO WATCHES AND WARNINGS:
  - ALL WATCHES AND WARNINGS HAVE BEEN CANCELED
- \* CURRENT WATCHES AND WARNINGS:
  - NONE
- \* STORM INFORMATION:
  - ABOUT 150 MILES EAST OF CEDAR KEY FL
  - 29.4N 80.5W
  - STORM INTENSITY 120 MPH
  - MOVEMENT NORTH-NORTHWEST OR 345 DEGREES AT 12 MPH

# SITUATION OVERVIEW

MATTHEW CONTINUES TO PARALLEL THE NORTHEAST FLORIDA COAST AND WILL CONTINUE TO MAKE ITS WAY TOWARD THE CAROLINA COAST TODAY AND SATURDAY. THERE ARE NO LONGER ANY SIGNIFICANT IMPACTS EXPECTED FROM THIS STORM ACROSS WEST CENTRAL AND SOUTHWEST FLORIDA.

# POTENTIAL IMPACTS

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### \* WIND

LITTLE TO NO ADDITIONAL IMPACTS ARE EXPECTED AT THIS TIME ACROSS WEST CENTRAL AND SOUTHWEST FLORIDA.

### \* FLOODING RAIN:

LITTLE TO NO ADDITIONAL IMPACTS ARE EXPECTED AT THIS TIME ACROSS WEST CENTRAL AND SOUTHWEST FLORIDA.

### \* TORNADOES:

LITTLE TO NO ADDITIONAL IMPACTS ARE EXPECTED AT THIS TIME ACROSS WEST CENTRAL AND SOUTHWEST FLORIDA.

# PRECAUTIONARY/PREPAREDNESS ACTIONS

- \* ADDITIONAL SOURCES OF INFORMATION:
- FOR INFORMATION ON APPROPRIATE PREPARATIONS SEE READY.GOV
- FOR INFORMATION ON CREATING AN EMERGENCY PLAN SEE GETAGAMEPLAN.ORG
- FOR ADDITIONAL DISASTER PREPAREDNESS INFORMATION SEE REDCROSS.ORG

### NEXT UPDATE

AS IT PERTAINS TO THIS EVENT...THIS WILL BE THE LAST LOCAL STATEMENT ISSUED BY THE NATIONAL WEATHER SERVICE IN TAMPA BAY RUSKIN FL REGARDING THE EFFECTS OF TROPICAL CYCLONE HAZARDS UPON THE AREA.

\$\$ Standard version of this page O NWS O All NOAA Go Scarch

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Page last modified: Friday, 07-Oct-2016 15:27:57 UTC

extensively to the stabilization of producer prices, which prior to 1980 experienced wide fluctuations from year-to-year. National Agricultural Statistics Service records show that the average price paid for both classes of spearmint oil ranged from \$4.00 per pound to \$11.10 per pound during the period between 1968 and 1980. Prices have been consistently more stable since the marketing order's inception in 1980, with an average price for the period from 1980 to 2005 of \$12.72 per pound for Scotch spearmint oil and \$9.84 per pound for Native spearmint oil.

During the period of 1998 through 2005, however, large production and carry-in inventories have contributed to prices below the 26-year average, despite the Committee's efforts to balance available supplies with demand. Prices have ranged from \$8.00 to \$11.00 per pound for Scotch spearmint oil and between \$9.10 and \$10.00 per pound for Native spearmint oil. The 2005 Native price exceeded the 26-year average by \$0.16. Producers stated, however, that fuel cost increases more than offset the price increase.

According to the Committee, the recommended salable quantities and allotment percentages are expected to achieve the goals of market and price stability.

As previously stated, annual salable quantities and allotment percentages have been issued for both classes of spearmint oil since the order's inception. Accordingly, this action will not impose any additional reporting or recordkeeping requirements on either small or large spearmint oil producers or handlers. As with all Federal marketing order programs, reports and forms are periodically reviewed to reduce information requirements and duplication by industry and public sector agencies.

The AMS is committed to complying with the E-Government Act, to promote the use of the Internet and other information technologies to provide increased opportunities for citizen access to Government information and services, and for other purposes.

As noted in the initial regulatory flexibility analysis, USDA has not identified any relevant Federal rules that duplicate, overlap, or conflict with this final rule.

In addition, the Committee's meeting was widely publicized throughout the spearmint oil industry and all interested persons were invited to attend the meeting and participate in Committee deliberations on all issues. Like all Committee meetings, the October 4, 2006, meeting was a public meeting and

all entities, both large and small, were able to express views on this issue.

A proposed rule concerning this action was published in the Federal Register on January 22, 2007 (71 FR 2639). Copies of the rule were provided to Committee staff, which in turn made it available to spearmint oil producers, handlers, and other interested person. Finally, the rule was made available through the Internet by the Office of the Federal Register and USDA. A 30-day comment period ending February 21, 2007, was provided to allow interested persons to respond to the proposal. No comments were received.

A small business guide on complying with fruit, vegetable, and specialty crop marketing agreements and orders may be viewed at: http://www.ams.usda.gov/fv/moab.html. Any questions about the compliance guide should be sent to Jay Guerber at the previously mentioned address in the FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT section.

After consideration of all relevant matter presented, including the information and recommendation submitted by the Committee and other available information, it is hereby found that this rule, as hereinafter set forth, will tend to effectuate the declared policy of the Act.

### List of Subjects in 7 CFR Part 985

Marketing agreements, Oils and fats, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements, Spearmint oil.

■ For the reasons set forth in the preamble, 7 CFR part 985 is amended as follows:

### PART 985—MARKETING ORDER REGULATING THE HANDLING OF SPEARMINT OIL PRODUCED IN THE FAR WEST

■ 1. The authority citation for 7 CFR part 985 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 7 U.S.C. 601-674.

■ 2. A new § 985.226 is added to read as follows:

Note: This section will not appear in the Code of Federal Regulations.

# § 985.226 Salable quantities and allotment percentages—2007–2008 marketing year.

The salable quantity and allotment percentage for each class of spearmint oil during the marketing year beginning on June 1, 2007, shall be as follows:

(a) Class 1 (Scotch) oil—a salable quantity of 886,667 pounds and an allotment percentage of 45 percent.

(b) Class 3 (Native) oil—a salable quantity of 1,062,336 pounds and an allotment percentage of 48 percent.

Dated: March 23, 2007.

Lloyd C. Day,

Administrator, Agricultural Marketing Service.

[FR Doc. E7-5811 Filed 3-28-07; 8:45 am]

### **FEDERAL ELECTION COMMISSION**

### 11 CFR Part 111

[Notice 2007-7]

# **Best Efforts In Administrative Fines Challenges**

AGENCY: Federal Election Commission.
ACTION: Final Rules and Transmittal of Rules to Congress.

**SUMMARY:** The Federal Election Commission is revising its regulations to amend four aspects of its Administrative Fines Program ("AFP"), a streamlined process through which the Commission assesses civil money penalties for late filers and non-filers under the Federal Election Campaign Act of 1971, as amended ("FECA"). First, the Commission is revising its rules regarding the permissible grounds for challenging a proposed civil money penalty by clarifying the scope of the defense based on factual errors. Second, the Commission is incorporating a defense for political committees that demonstrate that they used their best efforts to file reports timely. Third, the Commission is revising its rules regarding its final determinations to clarify when the Commission finds that no violation has occurred. Lastly, the rules are being amended to explain that the Commission's statement of reasons for its final decision in an AFP matter usually consists of the reasons set forth by the Commission's reviewing officer as adopted by the Commission. The supplementary information that follows provides further information.

EFFECTIVE DATE: April 30, 2007.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Mr. J. Duane Pugh Jr., Acting Assistant General Counsel, or Ms. Margaret G. Perl, Attorney, 999 E Street, NW., Washington, DC 20463, (202) 694–1650 or (800) 424–9530.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Through the AFP, the Commission may assess a civil money penalty for a violation of the reporting requirements of 2 U.S.C. 434(a) (such as not filing or filing late) without using the traditional enforcement procedures reserved for more serious violations under 2 U.S.C. 437g. See 2 U.S.C. 437g(a)(4)(C).1 Congress intended the Commission to process these straightforward violations through a "simplified procedure" that would ease the enforcement burden on the Commission. See H.R. Rep. No. 106-295, at 11-12 (1999). The rules governing the AFP create a streamlined procedure that balances the respondent's rights to notice and opportunity to be heard with the need to operate the AFP in an expeditious manner without undue administrative burden. See Explanation and **Justification for Final Rule on** Administrative Fines, 65 FR 31787, 31788 (May 19, 2000) ("Admin Fines

E&F').2
When the Commission finds reason to believe ("RTB") that a political committee and its treasurer ("respondents") violated the reporting requirements, the respondents may challenge the finding and the proposed civil money penalty only for certain specified reasons. See revised 11 CFR 111.35. The Commission's reviewing officer considers the challenge and forwards a recommendation to the Commission. See 11 CFR 111.36(e). After considering the challenge, the reviewing officer's recommendation, and any subsequent comments from the respondent regarding the recommendation, the Commission makes a final determination. See revised 11 CFR 111.37. The Commission assesses civil money penalties based on published penalty schedules set forth in 11 CFR 111.43. Respondents may challenge the Commission's final determination in U.S. District Court. See 2 U.S.C. 437g(a)(4)(C)(iii); 11 CFR 111.38.

In Lovely v. FEC, 307 F. Supp. 2d 294 (D. Mass. 2004), a political committee challenged a civil money penalty assessed by the Commission through the AFP. The political committee argued that it had used its best efforts to file the report in question and that this constituted a valid and complete defense under FECA's "best efforts" provision in 2 U.S.C. 432(i). See Lovely, 307 F. Supp. 2d at 299. Section 432(i) provides that "[w]hen the treasurer of a political committee shows that best efforts have been used to obtain, maintain, and submit the information required by this Act for the political

committee, any report or any records of such committee shall be considered in compliance with [FECA]." 2 U.S.C. 432(i).3 The Lovely court concluded that the plain language of FECA requires the Commission to consider the "best efforts" defense in the AFP, and that the record in the Lovely case did not establish whether the Commission had considered that defense. See Lovely, 307 F. Supp. 2d at 300-01. The court remanded the case to the Commission for further proceedings. See id. at 301. On remand, the Commission determined that the political committee had failed to show it used best efforts to file timely and confirmed the earlier imposition of the civil money penalty. See Statement of Reasons in Administrative Fines Case 549 (Oct. 4, 2005), available at http://www.fec.gov/ law/law\_rulemakings.shtml under the heading "Best Efforts in Administrative Fines Challenges."

Although the Lovely decision did not directly challenge the AFP rules, and did not affect the validity of 11 CFR 111,35 or the Commission's consideration of any other AFP matters, the Commission opted to open a rulemaking by publishing a Notice of Proposed Rulemaking on December 8, 2006, to seek public comment on proposed revisions to the AFP based on the court's concerns. See Notice of Proposed Rulemaking for Best Efforts in Administrative Fines Challenges, 71 FR 71093 (Dec. 8, 2006) ("NPRM"). The Commission received two comments, which are available at http:// www.fec.gov/law/ law\_rulemakings.shtml under the heading "Best Efforts in Administrative Fines Challenges."4 One comment made several recommendations as to how the Commission could further clarify the "best efforts" defense by incorporating the business management concept of "best practices" regarding corporate operation, financial controls, risk

prevention and risk assessment, while

the other comment was not relevant to this rulemaking.

After consideration of the relevant comment, the Commission has decided to revise its rules governing the AFP in four ways, as described below: (1) Clarifying the scope of the "factual errors" defense; (2) incorporating a "best efforts" defense for challenges to RTB findings; (3) clarifying when the Commission may find that no violation has occurred in an AFP matter; and (4) explaining the procedure for issuing Commission statements of reasons for AFP final determinations. These changes address the concerns raised by the Lovely court and provide greater clarity regarding permissible grounds for challenging an RTB finding. The revisions are substantially similar to those proposed in the NPRM.

Under the Administrative Procedure Act, 5 U.S.C. 553(d), and the Congressional Review of Agency Rulemaking Act, 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1), agencies must submit final rules to the Speaker of the House of Representatives and the President of the Senate and publish them in the Federal Register at least 30 calendar days before they take effect. The final rules that follow were transmitted to Congress on March 23,

2007.

**Explanation And Justification** 

I. Revised 11 CFR 111.35—Respondent Challenges to Reason To Believe Finding or Proposed Civil Money Penalty

Revised section 111.35 sets forth the requirements for AFP respondents' challenges to RTB findings and proposed civil money penalties. Revised section 111.35(a) is clarified so that it applies only to respondents that seek to challenge an RTB finding or proposed civil money penalty. The Commission is reorganizing and clarifying section 111.35 so that respondents may easily identify the basis for challenges in the AFP. See revised 11 CFR 111.35(b).

A. Revised 11 CFR 111.35(b)(1)— Changes to the "Factual Errors" Defense

The NPRM sought comment on proposed clarifications to the "factual errors" defense and asked whether the regulation should include examples of the types of factual errors that would suffice as grounds for challenging an RTB finding. See NPRM, 71 FR at 71094. The comment did not address this issue. The Commission has decided to revise

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The AFP applies to violations of the reporting requirements by political committees and their treasurers. See 11 CFR 111.30.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The AFP is set to expire on December 31, 2008. See Pub. L. No. 109–115, sec. 721, 119 Stat. 2396, 2493–94 (2005); Final Rule on Extension of Administrative Fines Program, 70 FR 75717 (Dec. 21, 2005) (extending the sunset date in 11 CFR 111.30 to Dec. 31, 2008).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The Commission had long interpreted the "best efforts" safe harbor to be limited to political committees obligation to report certain substantive information that may be beyond the control of the committees to obtain. See 11 CFR 104.7 (defining "best efforts" for purposes of obtaining and submitting contributor information). The Commission is currently considering in a superate proceeding whether to revise its application of this provision in enforcement matters outside the scope of the AFP. See Proposed Statement of Policy Regarding Treasurer's Best Efforts to Obtain, Maintain, and Submit Information as Required by the Federal Election Compaign Act, 71 FR 71084 (Dec. 8, 2006). The Commission anticipates issuing a final policy statement this year.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> The Internal Revenue Service did not comment on the NPRM.

<sup>\*</sup> The revisions to section 111.35(a) did not alter the basic timing requirement that a respondent must file a challenge with the Commission within forty (40) days of when the Commission issues its reason to believe finding. See revised 111.35(a); Admin Fines E&J, 65 FR at 31789.

the rule regarding the "factual errors" defense as proposed in the NPRM, except for stylistic changes. The revised rule states that the facts alleged to be in error must be facts upon which the Commission relied in its RTB finding. See revised 11 CFR 111.35(b)(1). Thus, a respondent may not challenge an RTB finding based on factual errors that are irrelevant to the Commission's actual RTB finding, such as errors in the RTB finding regarding individual names or

titles of committee staff.

The revised rule provides two examples of the type of factual errors that would properly support a challenge: the respondent was not required to file the report in question, and the respondent did in fact timely file as described in 11 CFR 100.19. See revised 11 CFR 111.35(b)(1). For example, a political committee that is not subject to electronic filing requirements could challenge an RTB finding and proposed civil money penalty under section 111.35(b)(1) by showing that the paper copy was filed on time and the Commission relied on the factual error that the committee was required instead to file electronically. See 11 CFR 104.18(a). As referenced in the rule's second example, Commission rules currently state that certain reports are "timely filed" if they are deposited as registered or certified mail with the U.S. Post Office, as Priority Mail or Express Mail through the U.S. Post Office, or with an overnight delivery service to be delivered the next business day with a postmark no later than 11:59 p.m. EST on the filing date. See 11 CFR 100.19(b). Thus, a respondent who is not required to file electronically could challenge an RTB finding based on evidence that it deposited the report in the proper manner pursuant to section 100.19(b) on the filing date, even if the Commission did not receive the report because of a delivery failure by the U.S. Post Office or other delivery service. The Commission emphasizes that the revisions to section 111.35(b)(1) do not create any new "factual errors" defenses, but simply recognize the types of errors that the Commission has accepted previously as a defense in the

B. Revised 11 CFR 111.35(b)(3)—"Best Efforts" Defense

The NPRM also sought comment on whether to replace the "extraordinary circumstances" defense in the prior rule with a "best efforts" defense for challenging an RTB finding based upon 2 U.S.C. 432(i). See NPRM, 71 FR at 71094-95 and former 11 CFR 111.35(b)(1)(iii). The comment generally supported the idea of a "best efforts"

defense. The Commission has decided to adopt the Lovely court's interpretation of 2 U.S.C. 432(i) and to incorporate a "best efforts" defense into the AFP. It appears in revised 11 CFR 111.35(b)(3) and is the same as the proposed rule, except for the changes noted below. The "best efforts" defense in the revised rule completely replaces the prior "extraordinary circumstances" defense because the two defenses are largely coextensive. The Commission reiterates its policy determination, as stated in the initial rulemaking for the AFP, that respondents' defenses in the AFP should be limited because the complete and timely disclosure of the political committee's financial activity is a "cornerstone of campaign finance law." See Admin Fines E&J, 65 FR at 31789.

The Lovely court recognized that the Commission could "refine by regulation what best efforts means in the context of submitting a report." Lovely, 307 F. Supp. 2d at 300. In exercising its authority to interpret how to incorporate a "best efforts" defense into the AFP rules, the Commission is mindful of the statutory terms chosen by Congress. As also explained by the Commission in its statement of reasons in the Lovely case after remand, section 432(i) creates a safe harbor for treasurers who demonstrate that best efforts have been used to submit reports required by FECA. "Best" is an adjective of the superlative degree. Therefore, best efforts requires more than "some" or "good" efforts. Section 432(i)'s use of the phrase "best efforts," instead of a "good faith" standard, means that an AFP respondent cannot rely upon the state of mind of the committee's treasurer or staff to claim this defense.<sup>6</sup> Instead, the Commission's revised rule at 11 CFR 111.35(b)(3), which sets forth the "best efforts" defense, focuses on actions taken by the respondent committee or treasurer to comply with reporting deadlines.

The "best efforts" defense is described in the revised rule as a twopart test. The AFP respondent must demonstrate that: (1) The respondent was prevented from filing in a timely manner by "reasonably unforeseen circumstances that were beyond the control" of the respondent; and (2) the respondent filed the report in question no later than 24 hours after the end of the reasonably unforeseen circumstances preventing the timely filing. See revised 11 CFR 111.35(b)(3). The Commission believes this test is straightforward and should be easy for

respondents to understand and document in their written responses. The final rule differs slightly from the proposed rule, which would have stated that the respondent must be prevented from filing in a timely manner by "unforeseen" circumstances. The Commission is making this change to emphasize that the "best efforts' defense is an objective test, which uses a reasonable person standard and does not depend upon the committee's treasurer or staff's subjective ability to foresee a particular circumstance. The examples included in the rule in 11 CFR 111.35(c) and (d), described below, illustrate how this defense operates as an objective test.

Under the first part of the defense, the respondent bears the burden of showing that the reasonably unforeseen circumstances in fact prevented the timely and proper filing of the required report. The NPRM requested public comment regarding whether the Commission should apply a "but for" or "contributing factor" test for determining whether a respondent was prevented from timely filing under the rule. See NPRM, 71 FR at 71095. The comment did not address this issue. The Commission has decided that this rule requires a strict causal relationship between the circumstances described in the challenge (such as a natural disaster) and the respondent's inability to file the report timely. It is not sufficient for reasonably unforeseen circumstances to make it merely more difficult than usual for the respondent to file on time. The circumstance must cause the respondent to be unable to file in a timely and proper manner, despite the respondent attempting to use all available methods of filing. "Best efforts" is a high standard set by FECA, and the Commission reminds respondents that there are multiple ways for a committee to file required reports properly and timely. See, e.g., 11 CFR 100.19(b) (political committees not required to file electronically may file on paper by hand delivery, first class, registered, certified, Priority or Express U.S. Mail, or overnight delivery service); 11 CFR 104.18 (mandatory electronic filings accepted through the Commission's filing system via internet, modem, or by submission of diskette or CD). If the respondent is prevented from using one method of filing by a problem (such as a technical problem with the Commission's modems), the respondent cannot claim the "best efforts" defense if it did not attempt to use other available methods to file timely (such as

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> See Statement of Reasons in Administrative Fines Case 549 (Oct. 4, 2005).

submission on a diskette or CD).7 Therefore, to satisfy the "best efforts" defense, a respondent must demonstrate that it attempted to use all available methods to file, but that timely filing by each method was prevented by the reasonably unforeseen circumstances beyond the control of the respondent.

The direct causal link between the reasonably unforeseen circumstances and the ability of the respondent to file the report also underlies the second part of the test for the "best efforts" defense. A respondent must show that the report was properly filed no later than 24 hours after the resolution of the circumstances preventing the timely filing. When the situation (such as a problem with Commission computers) is resolved, the Act's high standard of "best efforts" requires that the respondent file the report within a reasonably short period of time. The NPRM requested public comment regarding whether the 24-hour period in the proposed rule was appropriate for the "best efforts" defense. See NPRM, 71 FR at 71095. The comment did not address this issue. The Commission has determined that a 24-hour period best serves the interest in disclosure of the information as soon as practicable after the circumstances preventing the timely disclosure are resolved.

C. Examples of Circumstances Under the "Best Efforts" Defense

To provide further guidance to respondents regarding the scope of the "best efforts" defense, the revised rule includes examples of circumstances that will be considered "reasonably unforeseen and beyond the control of the respondent," and examples of circumstances that will not be considered "reasonably unforeseen and beyond the control of the respondent.' See revised 11 CFR 111.35(c) and (d). The comment argued that the rule should not be limited to examples of defenses that would be unacceptable under the new "best efforts" defense, but should also include examples of defenses that would meet the new defense to provide guidance to

committees and treasurers. The revised rule provides such illustrations. The examples of defenses in the revised rule are the same as proposed in the NPRM, except as noted otherwise below. Both sets of examples in revised section 111.35(c) and (d) are non-exhaustive lists and should not be read to override the general requirements of the defense in revised section 111.35(b)(3) as discussed above.

1. Revised 11 CFR 111.35(c)— Reasonably Unforeseen Circumstances Beyond Respondents' Control

Revised section 111.35(c) provides three examples of circumstances that the Commission will consider "reasonably unforeseen and beyond the control" of the respondent under a "best efforts" defense. The first example is that a failure of Commission computers or Commission-provided software, despite the respondent seeking technical assistance, caused the respondent's untimely electronic filing. See revised 11 CFR 111.35(c)(1). This example is similar to the example in the prior rules, in which a failure of Commission computers satisfied the "extraordinary circumstances" defense. See former 11 CFR 111.35(b)(4)(iv); Admin Fines E&J, 65 FR at 31790 ("Any failure of the Commission's system that prevents committees from filing their reports when due would be recognized as an extraordinary circumstance beyond the respondents' control.").8 The revised rule differs from the proposed rule by including the respondent's seeking technical assistance as part of the example. Consistent with the prior defense based on Commission computer failures, the revised example clarifies that political committees must use all Commission resources available to aid with electronic filing, such as technical support manuals and personnel, before a respondent will be considered 'prevented" from timely filing by Commission computer or software failures. Thus, any failure of Commission computers, servers, filing system or Commission-provided software of sufficient severity that it results in a respondent being unable to file, despite the respondent seeking assistance from the Commission's technical support personnel, is a

reasonably unforeseen circumstance beyond the respondent's control.

The second example in revised section 111.35(c)(2) is a "widespread disruption of information transmissions over the Internet not caused by any failure of the Commission's or respondent's computer systems or Internet service provider." This example covers circumstances in which technological problems at a third-party hub or information transfer location, rather than the Commission's or respondent's computer systems, caused widespread communication failures on the Internet that left the respondent unable to send, or the Commission unable to receive, an electronically filed report. This failure to transmit information must occur irrespective of any failures of the Commission's or respondent's computer systems or Internet service providers. If a respondent demonstrates such a widespread disruption of information transmissions occurred, the Commission will consider it "reasonably unforeseen circumstances that were beyond the control" of the respondent. As with all the examples in revised section 111.35(c)(2), the respondent bears the burden of showing that these reasonably unforeseen circumstances in fact prevented the respondent from filing timely, despite attempts to file by any available alternative methods permitted under Commission regulations.9 This example has been refined from the proposed rule to clarify the types of transmission failures contemplated.

The final example in the rule states that a "[s]evere weather or other disaster-related incident" is a reasonably unforeseen circumstance beyond the control of the respondent. See revised 11.CFR 111.35(c)(3). Under the prior rule, the Commission deemed certain weather conditions (lasting more than 48 hours) met the "extraordinary circumstances" test, explaining that "natural disasters where a committee's office is located in the disaster area and the committee cannot timely file a report because of lack of electricity or flooding or destruction of committee records" would satisfy the defense. See previous 11 CFR 111.35(b)(1)(iii); Admin Fines E&J, 65 FR at 31790. The revised rule permits such severe weather-related events occurring at the respondent's or Commission's location

<sup>7</sup> The Commission's guidance and instructions to political committees required to file electronically makes clear that if a roport is successfully uploaded and accepted by the Commission, a confirmation receipt (including a validation number) is immediately sent to the committee via e-mail, fax or both. If a committee does not receive such a receipt, the committee should not assume the filing was received and should contact the Commission's technical support personnel. See, e.g., "Frequently Asked Questions About Electronic Filing." available at http://www.fec.gov/support/faq\_filing.shtml (last visited Mar. 16, 2007); "Common Electronic Filing Mistakes." available at http://www.fec.gov/clocfil/mistakes.shtml (last visited Mar. 16, 2007).

<sup>&</sup>quot;In order to satisfy the prior "extraordinary circumstances" defense, the failure of Commission computers had to last at least 48 hours. See former 11 CFR 111.35(b)(1)(iii). The new "best efforts" defense does not contain any minimum time period for the "reasonably unforeseen circumstances that were beyond the control" of the respondent. See revised 11 CFR 111.35(b)(3).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>o</sup>The Commission's electronic filing manuals detail step-by-step instructions for the various methods of acceptable electronic filing via the Internet, modem, or by saving the report to a diskette or CD. See, e.g., "FECFile User Manual for Candidate Committees," available at http://www.fec.gov/elecfil/authorized\_manual/manual.shtml (last visited Mar. 18, 2007).

to form the basis for a "best efforts" defense. The Commission is not defining with specificity the level of severity for weather or other disasterrelated incidents in revised section 111.35(c)(3) because a respondent's challenge must show that the weather or disaster-related incident in fact prevented the respondent from filing timely. Given that the effects upon the respondent of each weather or disasterrelated incident will vary, the Commission will evaluate the particular facts contained in individual challenges, instead of mandating such details in a rule of general application.

2. Revised 11 CFR 111.35(d)-

Circumstances That Are Not Reasonably Unforeseen or Beyond Respondents'

Revised section 111.35(d) includes a non-exhaustive list of circumstances that are not considered "reasonably unforeseen and beyond the control" of the respondent, and will not support a "best efforts" finding. See revised 11 CFR 111.35(d)(1) through (6). All but two of these examples are drawn from the list of events that did not constitute "extraordinary circumstances" under the Commission's prior rule: Negligence; delays caused by committee vendors or contractors; illness, inexperience or unavailability (including death) of the treasurer or other staff; and committee computer, software or Internet service provider failures. Compare revised 11 CFR 111.35(d)(1) through (4) with former 11 CFR 111.35(b)(4). One example concerns Internet service provider failures. See revised 11 CFR 111.35(d)(4). The proposed rule described this example as failures of committee computers or software. The final rule also includes Internet service provider failures. Because many Internet service providers are available, a failure limited to one provider is not a defense for late filing or not filing. The revised rule adds two examples to this list based upon the Commission's experience with respondent challenges in the AFP: A failure to know filing dates and a failure to use Commission software properly. See revised 11 CFR 111.35(d)(5) and (6).

Under the revised rule, a respondent's challenge will not succeed if its "best efforts" defense is based on any of these circumstances as the cause of the failure to file timely. The Commission notes that the examples in revised section 111.35(d) are not exhaustive, but are illustrative of the types of situations that are not reasonably unforeseen and beyond the respondent's control. The Commission strongly encourages all political committees to name assistant treasurers and have additional staff

available so that their ability to file reports on time will not be compromised due to the unavailability or inexperience of the treasurer or other staff. See Final Rules on Administrative Fines, 68 FR 12572, 12573 (Mar. 17, 2003) (adding staff "inexperience" and "unavailability" as examples of circumstances that will not be considered "extraordinary" under former 11 CFR 111.35(b)(4)(iii)).

The Commission's implementation of the "best efforts" defense set forth in this revised rule serves as a proxy for the factual investigation of a respondent's internal practices regarding filing of reports that would ordinarily be necessary to determine whether such practices were sufficient to constitute best efforts. The comment argued that the Commission should conduct a full examination of the business models and management procedures of each committee to determine whether the committee implemented proper back-up systems and other measures reflecting management "best practices" in the relevant industry to reduce the risk of a late filing. However, such an investigation would be resourceintensive for the Commission. burdensome for the respondent, and inappropriate in the AFP, which is a streamlined procedure created by Congress to alleviate the Commission's enforcement burden for routine and minor filing violations. Absent reasonably unforeseen circumstances that were beyond the control of the respondent, the Commission sees no reason why political committees cannot file reports on time. 10 Thus, the Commission's implementation of the "best efforts" defense appropriately incorporates a statutory "best efforts" standard, while taking into account the unique streamlined nature of the AFP.

### D. Revised 11 CFR 111.35(e)—Factual Basis for Challenge

The Commission is adding paragraph (e) to 11 CFR 111.35 to require that the respondent's written response must detail the factual basis supporting its challenge. Furthermore, respondents must provide supporting documentation for their challenges. The comment did not address this provision, which is identical to the proposed rule.

The three defenses specified in sections 111.35(b)(1) through (3) (factual error, miscalculation of civil money penalty, and best efforts) are the only permissible grounds for challenging the Commission's RTB finding or proposed civil money penalty, and a respondent's written response must be based on one of these grounds to be considered by the reviewing officer and the Commission. Respondents bear the burden of showing that a permissible defense is satisfied.11

### II. Revised 11 CFR 111.37-**Commission Review of Respondent's** Challenge and Reviewing Officer's Recommendation

A. Revised 11 CFR 111.37(b)-Commission Finding That No Violation Has Occurred

Revised section 111.37 sets forth procedures regarding the Commission's final determination for AFP matters upon receipt of the respondent's challenge and the reviewing officer's recommendation. See revised 11 CFR 111.37(a) through (d). The NPRM sought comment on proposed revisions to section 111.37(b) regarding Commission determinations that no violation has occurred where the RTB finding is based on a factual error, and where the respondent demonstrated it used best efforts to file timely. See NPRM, 71 FR at 71095. The comment did not address these rules. The Commission is revising section 111.37(b) to clarify that the existence of factual errors or a finding of best efforts are complete defenses. Thus, if one of these defenses is satisfied, the Commission will conclude that no violation of FECA has occurred. Please note that the defense based on an incorrect basis for calculating the civil money penalty (section 111.35(b)(2)) is a defense only as to the amount of the civil money penalty and does not serve as a basis for a finding of no violation under the AFP.

### B. Revised 11 CFR 111.37(d)-Commission Statement of Reasons in AFP Final Determinations

The NPRM sought comment on proposed revisions to section 111.37(d) to make clear that the reasons for the reviewing officer's recommendation regarding the challenge, unless modified or rejected by the Commission, will serve as the Commission's statement of reasons regarding the final determination in the AFP matter.12 See NPRM, 71 FR at 71095. This proposed

<sup>10</sup> See Admin Fines E&J, 65 FR at 31790 (stating that political committees should be aware of their reporting duties and noting that the Commission makes efforts to send reminders of deadlines and political committees have ample time from the end of the reporting period to the filing deadline to prepare and file reports).

<sup>11</sup> The Commission considers affidavits more puranasive evidence than unaworn statements submitted in support of the respondent's challenge.

<sup>12</sup> These revisions do not affect any statements of reasons the Commissioners may issue in enforcement matters under review.

revision addresses the *Lovely* court's concerns that it was unclear what constituted the statement of reasons for the Commission's final determination in that matter. The comment did not address this issue.

The Commission is revising section 111,37(d) to indicate that, unless otherwise indicated by the Commission, the statement of reasons for the Commission's final determination in an AFP matter consists of the reasons provided by the reviewing officer for the recommendation, if approved by the Commission. See Lovely, 307 F. Supp. 2d at 301 (stating that the Commission's "adoption of a reviewing officer's recommendation may suffice in some circumstances"). Statements setting forth additional or different reasons may also be issued. The revised rule also recognizes that the Commission may modify or reject the reviewing officer's recommendation in whole or in part. See 11 CFR 111.37(d). In such cases, the Commission will indicate the grounds for its action and it or individual Commissioners may issue one or more statements of reasons.

Former section 111.37(d) provided that the Commission could determine that a violation of 2 U.S.C. 434(a) had occurred, but waive the civil money penalty because the respondent demonstrated the existence of "extraordinary circumstances" under former section 111.35(b)(1)(iii). See former 11 CFR 111.37(d). As discussed above, the Commission is removing the "extraordinary circumstances" defense and replacing it with a "best efforts" defense in revised section 111.35(b)(3). Under 2 U.S.C. 432(i), if the Commission determines that the treasurer used best efforts in compliance with this rule, there is no violation of FECA and the Commission will so notify the respondent pursuant to revised section 111.37(b). See revised 11 CFR 111.37(b). Therefore, the Commission need not retain the former section 111.37(d).

### Certification of No Effect Pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 605(b) (Regulatory Flexibility Act)

The Commission certifies that the attached final rules will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities. The basis for this certification is that any individuals and not-for-profit entities affected by these rules are not "small entities" under 5 U.S.C. 601(6). The definition of "small entity" does not include individuals, and classifies a not-for-profit enterprise as a "small organization" if it is independently owned and operated and not dominant

in its field. 5 U.S.C. 601(4). The rules apply to all types of political committees and their treasurers. State political party committees are not independently owned and operated because they are not financed and controlled by a small identifiable group of individuals, and they are affiliated with the larger national political party organizations. In addition, the State political party committees representing the Democratic and Republican parties have a major controlling influence within the political arena of their State and are thus dominant in their field. District and local party committees are generally considered affiliated with the State committees and need not be considered separately. To the extent that any State party committees representing minor political parties or any other political committees might be considered "small organizations," the number that would be affected by this rule is not substantial.

Furthermore, any separate segregated funds affected by these rules are not-forprofit political committees that do not meet the definition of "small organization" because they are financed by a combination of individual contributions and financial support for certain expenses from corporations, labor organizations, membership organizations, or trade associations, and therefore are not independently owned and operated. Most of the other political committees affected by these rules are not-for-profit committees that do not meet the definition of "small organization." Most political committees are not independently owned and operated because they are not financed by a small identifiable group of individuals. Most political committees rely on contributions from a large number of individuals to fund the committees' operations and activities.

The final rules also do not impose any additional restrictions or increase the costs of compliance for respondents within the AFP. Instead, the final rules provide additional defenses available to political committees and their treasurers, thereby potentially increasing the number of situations in which the Commission assesses no civil money penalty. Moreover, these rules apply only in the AFP, where penalties are proportionate to the amount of a political committee's financial activity. Any political committee meeting the definition of "small entity" would be subject to lower fines than larger committees with more financial activity. Therefore, the final rules will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities.

### List of Subjects in 11 CFR Part 111

Administrative practice and procedures, Elections, Law enforcement.

■ For the reasons set out in the preamble, the Federal Election Commission is amending subchapter A of chapter I of Title 11 of the Code of Federal Regulations as follows:

### PART 111—COMPLIANCE PROCEDURE (2 U.S.C. 437g, 437d(a))

■ 1. The authority citation for part 111 is revised to read as follows:

Authority: 2 U.S.C. 432(i), 437g, 437d(a), 438(a)(8); 28 U.S.C. 2461 nt.

■ 2. Section 111.35 is revised to read as follows:

# § 111.35 If the respondent decides to challenge the alleged violation or proposed civil money penalty, what should the respondent do?

(a) To challenge a reason to believe finding or proposed civil money penalty, the respondent must submit a written response to the Commission within forty (40) days of the Commission's reason to believe finding.

(b) The respondent's written response must assert at least one of the following grounds for challenging the reason to believe finding or preposed civil money penalty:

(1) The Commission's reason to believe finding, is based on a factual error including, but not limited to, the committee was not required to file the report, or the committee timely filed the report in accordance with 11 CFR 100.19;

(2) The Commission improperly calculated the civil money penalty; or

(3) The respondent used best efforts to file in a timely manner in that:

(i) The respondent was prevented from filing in a timely manner by reasonably unforeseen circumstances that were beyond the control of the respondent; and

(ii) The respondent filed no later than 24 hours after the end of these circumstances.

(c) Circumstances that will be considered reasonably unforeseen and beyond the control of respondent include, but are not limited to:

(1) A failure of Commission computers or Commission-provided software despite the respondent seeking technical assistance from Commission personnel and resources;

(2) A widespread disruption of information transmissions over the Internet not caused by any failure of the Commission's or respondent's computer systems or Internet service provider; and

(3) Severe weather or other disasterrelated incident.

(d) Circumstances that will not be considered reasonably unforeseen and beyond the control of respondent include, but are not limited to:

(1) Negligence;

(2) Delays caused by committee vendors or contractors;

(3) Illness, inexperience, or unavailability of the treasurer or other staff:

(4) Committee computer, software or Internet service provider failures;

(5) A committee's failure to know filing dates; and

(6) A committee's failure to use filing

software properly.

(e) Respondent's written response must detail the factual basis supporting its challenge and include supporting documentation.

■ 3. In section 111.37, paragraphs (b) and (d) are revised to read as follows:

# § 111.37 What will the Commission do once it receives the respondent's written response and the reviewing officer's recommendation?

(b) If the Commission, after reviewing the reason to believe finding, the respondent's written response, and the reviewing officer's written recommendation, determines by an affirmative vote of at least four (4) of its members, that no violation has occurred (either because the Commission had based its reason to believe finding on a factual error or because the respondent used best efforts to file in a timely manner) or otherwise terminates its proceedings, the Commission shall authorize the reviewing officer to notify the respondent by letter of its final determination.

(d) When the Commission makes a final determination under this section. the statement of reasons for the Commission action will, unless otherwise indicated by the Commission, consist of the reasons provided by the reviewing officer for the recommendation, if approved by the Commission, although statements setting forth additional or different reasons may also be issued. If the reviewing officer's recommendation is modified or not approved, the Commission will indicate the grounds for its action and one or more statements of reasons may be issued.

Dated: March 22, 2007.

### Robert D. Lenhard,

Chairman, Federal Election Commission. [FR Doc. E7-5730 Filed 3-28-07; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 8715-01-P

### **DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION**

### Federal Aviation Administration

### 14 CFR Part 13

[Docket No. FAA-2006-26477]

# FAA Civil Penalty Adjudication Web Site

AGENCY: Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), DOT. ACTION: Final rule; technical amendment.

SUMMARY: The FAA has a Web site that provides access to many documents relating to the agency's administrative adjudication of civil penalty cases. Currently, the address provided in the regulations for the civil penalty adjudication Web site is incorrect. In this rulemaking, we are amending the regulations to substitute the correct Web site address.

**DATES:** This rule is effective on March 29, 2007.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Sheila Skojec, Office of the Chief Counsel, Adjudication Branch, 800 Independence Avenue, SW., Washington, DC, 20591; telephone 202/ 385-8228.

### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

### Background

The FAA assesses civil penalties for violations of certain provisions of the Federal aviation statute and the Federal hazardous materials transportation statute. The rules of practice in 14 CFR 13.16 and 14 CFR part 13, subpart G (14 CFR 13.201–13.235) govern these proceedings involving the adjudication of civil penalties.

The agency has a Web site containing documents relating to the agency's adjudication of civil penalties. These documents include decisions and orders issued by the Administrator, indexes of decisions, contact information for the Hearing Docket and the administrative law judges, the rules of practice, and other information.

We recently discovered that the address for the Web site set forth in 14 CFR 13.210 is incorrect. As a result, we are amending the rules to correct this problem.

# This Rulemaking

FAA Civil Penalty Adjudication Web Site. We are amending section 13.210 to correct the Web site address for the FAA civil penalty adjudication Web site. The correct address is: http://www.faa.gov/about/office\_org/headquarters\_offices/agc/pol\_adjudication/AGC400/Civil\_Penalty.

### **Procedural Matters**

In general, under the Administrative Procedure Act (APA), 5 U.S.C. 553, agencies must publish regulations for public comment and give the public at least 30 days notice before adopting regulations. There is an exception to these requirements if the agency for good cause finds that notice and public comment are impracticable, unnecessary, or contrary to the public interest. In this case, the FAA finds that notice and comment requirements are unnecessary due to the administrative nature of the change. It is in the public interest for the Rules of Practice to provide the correct address for the civil penalty adjudication Web site as soon as possible.

### List of Subjects in 14 CFR Part 13

Administrative practice and procedure, Air transportation, Aviation safety, Hazardous materials transportation, Investigations, Law enforcement, Penalties.

### The Amendments

■ Accordingly, the Federal Aviation Administration amends part 13 of the Federal Aviation Regulations as follows:

# PART 13-INVESTIGATIVE AND ENFORCEMENT PROCEDURES

■ 1. The authority section for part 13 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 18 U.S.C. 6002; 28 U.S.C. 2461 (note); 49 U.S.C. 106(g), 5121-5128, 40113-40114, 44103-44106, 44702-44703, 44709-44710, 44713, 46101-46111, 46301, 46302 (for a violation of 49 U.S.C. 46504), 46304-46316, 46318, 46501-46502, 46504-46507, 47106, 47107, 47111, 47122, 47306, 47531-47532; 49 CFR 1.47.

■ 2. Amend § 13.210 by revising paragraphs (e)(2) to read as follows:

### § 13.210 Filing of documents.

- (e) \* \* \*
- (1) \* \* \*

(2) Decisions and orders issued by the Administrator in civil penalty cases, indexes of decisions, contact information for the FAA Hearing Docket and the administrative law judges, the rules of practice, and other information are available on the FAA civil penalty adjudication Web site at: http://www.faa.gov/about/office\_org/headquarters\_offices/agc/pol\_adjudication/AGC400/Civil\_Penalty.

# **DECLARATION OF KRISTIN D. ROSER**

- 1. I am the Chief of the Compliance Branch for the Reports Analysis Division of the Federal Election Commission ("Commission"). In my capacity as Chief of the Compliance Branch, I oversee the initial processing of the Administrative Fine Program. I make this declaration based on my personal knowledge and, if called upon as a witness, could and would testify competently to the following matters.
- 2. It is the practice of the Reports Analysis Division to document all calls to or from committees regarding a letter they receive or any questions relating to the FECFile software or administrative fine regulations, including due dates of reports and filing requirements.
- 3. I hereby certify that documents identified herein are true and accurate copies of the following sent by the Commission to CARLOS BERUFF FOR SENATE INC:
  - A) Non-Filer Letter, dated November 1, 2016, referencing the 2016 October Quarterly Report (sent via electronic mail to eric@robinsonhanks.com and ashley@robinsonhanks.com);
  - B) Reason-to-Believe Letter, dated December 9, 2016, referencing the 2016 October

    Quarterly Report (sent via overnight mail to the address of record);
  - C) Termination Denial Letter, dated December 22, 2016, referencing the Termination Report covering August 11, 2016 through September 29, 2016 (sent via regular mail to the address of record).
- 4. I hereby certify that I have searched the Commission's public records and find that CARLOS BERUFF FOR SENATE INC filed a Termination Report, covering August 11, 2016 through September 29, 2016, with the Commission on November 2, 2016.

17092713664

5. Pursuant to 28 U.S.C. 1746, I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct and that all relevant telecoms for the matter have been provided. This declaration was executed at Washington, D.C. on the 12th day of January, 2017.

Kustin W. Rese

Kristin D. Roser Chief, Compliance Branch Reports Analysis Division Federal Election Commission



RQ-7

November 1, 2016

ERIC ROBINSON, TREASURER CARLOS BERUFF FOR SENATE INC 133 SOUTH HARBOR DRIVE VENICE, FL 34285

**IDENTIFICATION NUMBER: C00610113** 

REFERENCE: OCTOBER QUARTERLY REPORT (08/11/2016 - 09/30/2016)

Dear Treasurer:

It has come to the attention of the Federal Election Commission that you may have failed to file the above referenced report of receipts and disbursements or failed to file a report covering the entire reporting period as required by the Federal Election Campaign Act, as amended. 52 U.S.C. §30104(a)

It is important that you file this report immediately. The report must be filed with the Federal Election Commission, 999 E Street, N.W., Washington, DC 20463 for House candidates, or the Secretary of the Senate, 232 Hart Senate Office Building, Washington, DC 20510 (if sent via overnight delivery service) or Senate Office of Public Records, P.O. Box 77578, Washington, DC 20013-7578 (if sent via USPS) for Senate Candidates. Please note that electronic files must submit their reports electronically, as per 11 CFR §104.18: A copy of the report must also be filed with the Secretary of State or equivalent State officer unless the State is exempt from the federal requirement to receive and maintain paper copies. You can verify the Commission's receipt of any documents submitted by your committee on the FEC website at www.fec.gov.

The failure to timely file a complete report may result in civil money penalties, an audit or legal enforcement action. The civil money penalty calculation for late reports does not include a grace period and begins on the day following the due date for the report. Due to heightened security screening measures, delivery of mail by the US Postal Service may be delayed. The Commission recommends that you submit your report via overnight delivery or courier service.

#### CARLOS BERUFF FOR SENATE INC

Page 2 of 2

If you have any questions regarding this matter, please contact David Garr at our toll-free number (800)424-9530. The analyst's direct number is (202)694-1137.

Sincerely,

Oebbie Chacona

Deborah Chacona Assistant Staff Director Reports Analysis Division

250

### FEDERAL ELECTION COMMISSION

December 22, 2016

Eric Robinson, Treasurer CARLOS BERUFF FOR SENATE INC 133 South Harbor Drive Venice, FL 34285

Dear Treasurer:

092717667

On November 2, 2016, you filed a report requesting that the Federal Election Commission permit CARLOS BERUFF FOR SENATE INC (C00610113) to terminate pursuant to 52 U.S.C. § 30103(d) and 11 CFR § 102.3 of the Commission's Regulations. Because of an administrative fines matter involving your committee, your termination request has been denied.

Your committee must continue to file all required reports with the Commission. You will be notified when your request to terminate has been granted and your committee is no longer required to file reports with the Commission. If you have any questions regarding this matter, please do not hesitate to contact David Garr on our toll free number at (800) 424-9530. His local number is (202) 694-1137.

Sincerely,

Debbie Chacona

**Assistant Staff Director** 

Jebbie Chacona,

Reports Analysis Division

#### **DECLARATION OF RHIANNON MAGRUDER**

- 1) I am the Reviewing Officer in the Office of Administrative Review for the Federal Election Commission ("Commission"). In my capacity as Reviewing Officer, I conduct research with respect to all challenges submitted in accordance with the Administrative Fine program.
- 2) A principal campaign committee shall file a report for the quarter ending September 30 no later than October 15. All reports required to be filed by the principal campaign committee of a candidate for the office of U.S. Senator shall be filed with the Secretary of the Senate. Reports sent by first class mail must be received by the close of business on the filing date to be timely filed. If the report is sent by registered or certified mail, by Express or Priority Mail with delivery confirmation or by overnight delivery service with an online tracking system, and scheduled for next business day delivery, it must be postmarked, or deposited with the mailing service, no later than October 15, 2016 for the 2016 October Quarterly Report to be timely filed.
- 3) I hereby certify that I have searched the Commission's public records and that the documents identified herein are the true and accurate copies of:
  - a) Cover page and envelope replacement page of the Termination Report filed by Carlos Beruff for Senate Inc. and Eric Robinson, in his official capacity as Treasurer. The report includes the 2016 October Quarterly Report coverage period of August 11, 2016 through September 29, 2016 and was filed on November 2, 2016.
- 4) Pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1746, I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct and that this declaration was executed at Washington, D.C. on the 23rd day of February, 2017.

Rhiannon Magruder Reviewing Officer

Office of Administrative Review

Federal Election Commission

FEC FORM 3

# REPORT OF RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS

SPERETARY OF THE SENATE

FORM 3 AND DISBURSEMENTS For An Authorized Committee		16 NOV 28 PM 12: 52			
1. NAME OF TYPE OR PRIN	Example: If typing, type over the lines.	12FE4M5			
CARLOS BERUFF FOR SENATE	: 		لنتبيب		
			لتسبب		
ADDRESS (number and street)	HARBOR DRIVE	سنبيب	لسسب		
Check if different than previously reported. (ACC)	<del> </del>	FL 34285	السا-لسا		
2. FEC IDENTIFICATION NUMBER ▼	спу 🖣	STATE A	ZIP CODE A STATE ▼ DISTRICT		
C C00610113	3. IS THIS NEW NEW (N) OR	AMENDED (A)	FL 00		
4. TYPE OF REPORT (Choose One)  (a) Quarterly Reports:  April 15 Quarterly Report (Q1)  July 15 Quarterly Report (Q2)  October 15 Quarterly Report (Q3)  January 31 Year-End Report (YE)  Termination Report (TER)	(b) 12-Day PRE-Election Report for the:  Primary (12P)  Convention (12C)  Election on  (c) 30-Day POST-Election Report for the  General (30G)  Election on	General (12G) Special (12S)  Y Y Y Y  Runoff (30R)	in the State of Special (30S) In the State of St		
5. Covering Period 08 11	through 09	29 /	2016		
I certify that I have examined this Report and to the best of my knowledge and belief it is true, correct and complete.  Type or Print Name of Treasurer					
Signature of Treasurer	*_ <del></del>	Date 09 /	29 / 2018		
NOTE: Submission of false, erroneous, or incomp Office Use Only FESANDIS	iets information may subject the person signing	F	Parties of 2 U.S.C. §437g.  EC FORM 3  (Revised 02/2003)		

HART SENATE OFFICE BUILDING SUITE 232

## United States Senate

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

PHOHE(202) 224-0322

OFFICE-OF PUBLIC RECORDS

THE PRECEDING DOCUMENT WAS:

HAND DELIVERED	
USPS FIRST CLASS MAIL	<del></del> -
USPS REGISTERED/CERTIFIED	
USPS PRIORITY MAIL Postmark Postmark	
DELIVERY CONFIRMATION OR SIGNATURE CONFIRMATION LABEL	
USPS EXPRESS MAIL  Postmark	
OVERNIGHT DELIVERY SERVICE:	•
SHIPPING DATE NEXT BUSINESS DAY DELIVERY	
FEDERAL EXPRESS	
UPS	
DHL	
AIRBORNE EXPRESS	
RECEIVED FROM FEDERAL ELECTION COMMISSION  Date of Receipt	
POSTMARK ILLEGIBLE NO POSTMARK	
FAXDate of Receipt	
·	
OTHER Date of Receipt or Postmark	
PREPARER: Date of Receipt of Postmark  DATE PREPARED 11.128/16	<del></del>
<b>-</b>	4/04/16

February 24, 2017

Eric Robinson, Treasurer Carlos Beruff for Senate Inc. 133 South Harbor Drive Venice, FL 34285

C00610113 AF#: 3163

Dear Mr. Robinson:

On December 9, 2016, the Federal Election Commission ("Commission") found reason to believe ("RTB") that Carlos Beruff for Senate Inc. and you, in your official capacity as Treasurer ("respondents"), violated 52 U.S.C. § 30104(a) for failing to timely file the 2016 October Quarterly Report. The Commission also made a preliminary determination that the civil money penalty was \$10,382 based on the schedule of penalties at 11 C.F.R. § 111.43.

After reviewing your written response and any supplemental information submitted by you and Commission staff, the Reviewing Officer has recommended that the Commission make a final determination. A copy of the Reviewing Officer's recommendation is attached.

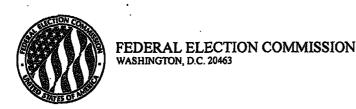
You may file with the Commission Secretary a written response to the recommendation within 10 days of the date of this letter. Your written response should be sent to the Commission Secretary, 999 E Street, NW, Washington, DC 20463 or via facsimile (202-208-3333). Please include the AF # in your response. Your response may not raise any arguments not raised in your original written response or not directly responsive to the Reviewing Officer's recommendation. 11 C.F.R. § 111.36(f). The Commission will then make a final determination in this matter.

Please contact me at the toll free number 800-424-9530 (press 0, then press 1660) or 202-694-1660 if you have any questions.

Sincerely,

Rhiannon Magruder Reviewing Officer Office of Administrative Review

Phiannon Magueler



MICHAELS SECRETARIAS

2017 APR 26 PM 1: 20

April 26, 2017

SENSITIVE

#### **MEMORANDUM**

To:

The Commission

Through:

Alec Palmer

Staff Director

From:

Patricia C. Orrock PCO

Chief Compliance Officer

Rhiannon Magruder PM

Reviewing Officer

Office of Administrative Review

Subject:

Final Determination Recommendation in AF# 3163 - Carlos Beruff for Senate

Inc. and Eric Robinson, in his official capacity as Treasurer (C00610113)

On December 9, 2016, the Commission found reason to believe ("RTB") that the respondents violated 52 U.S.C. § 30104(a) for failing to timely file the 2016 October Quarterly Report and made a preliminary determination that the civil money penalty was \$10,382 based on the schedule of penalties at 11 C.F.R. § 111.43.

On December 27, 2016, the Commission received their written response ("challenge"). After reviewing the challenge, the Reviewing Officer Recommendation ("ROR") dated February 23, 2017 was forwarded to the Commission, a copy was forwarded to the respondents, and is hereby incorporated by reference. The Reviewing Officer recommended that the Commission make a final determination that the respondents violated 52 U.S.C. § 30104(a) and assess a \$10,382 civil money penalty.

Within 10 days of transmittal of the recommendation, they may file a written response with the Commission Secretary which may not raise any arguments not raised in their challenge or not directly responsive to the ROR. 11 C.F.R. § 111.36(f). The respondents have since indicated they will not be submitting a response to the ROR.

#### **OAR Recommendations**

- 1. Adopt the Reviewing Officer recommendation for AF# 3163 that Carlos Beruff for Senate Inc. and Eric Robinson, in his official capacity as Treasurer, in making the final determination;
- 2. Make a final determination in AF# 3163 that Carlos Beruff for Senate Inc. and Eric Robinson, in his official capacity as Treasurer, violated 52 U.S.C. § 30104(a) and assess a \$10,382 civil money penalty; and
- 3. Send the appropriate letter.

#### BEFORE THE FEDERAL ELECTION COMMISSION

In the Matter of	)	
	)	AF 3163
Final Determination Recommendation:	)	
Carlos Beruff for Senate Inc. and Eric	)	
Robinson, in his official capacity as	)	
Treasurer (C00610113)	)	

#### **CERTIFICATION**

I, Laura E. Sinram, recording secretary for the Federal Election Commission executive session on June 06, 2017, do hereby certify that the Commission decided by a vote of 5-0 to otherwise terminate the proceedings.

Commissioners Goodman, Hunter, Petersen, Walther, and Weintraub voted affirmatively for the decision.

Attest:

7

Laytra E. Sinram

Acting Deputy Secretary of the Commission



June 9, 2017

Eric Robinson, in official capacity as Treasurer Carlos Beruff for Senate, Inc.
133 South Harbor Drive
Venice, FL 34285

C00610113 AF# 3163

Dear Mr. Robinson:

On December 9, 2016, the Federal Election Commission ("the Commission") found reason to believe ("RTB") that Carlos Beruff for Senate Inc. and you, in your official capacity as Treasurer, violated 52 U.S.C. § 30104(a) for failing to file the 2016 October Quarterly Report. By letter dated December 9, 2016, the Commission sent notification of the RTB finding that included a civil money penalty calculated at RTB of \$10,382 in accordance with the schedule of penalties at 11 C.F.R. § 111.43. On December 27, 2016, the Office of Administrative Review received your written response challenging the RTB finding.

The Reviewing Officer reviewed the Commission's RTB finding with its supporting documentation and your written response. Based on this review, the Reviewing Officer recommended that the Commission make a final determination that Carlos Beruff for Senate Inc. and you, in your official capacity as Treasurer, violated 52 U.S.C. § 30104(a) and assess a civil money penalty in the amount of \$10,382 in accordance with 11 C.F.R. § 111.43. The Reviewing Officer Recommendation was sent to you on February 23, 2017.

On June 6, 2017, the Commission failed to adopt the Reviewing Officer's recommendation, and voted to terminate the proceedings with respect to 52 U.S.C. § 30104(a) and close the file. A copy of the Final Determination Recommendation is attached.

The confidentiality provisions at 52 U.S.C. § 30109(a)(12) no longer apply and this matter is now public. Pursuant to 11 C.F.R. §§ 111.42(b) and 111.20(c), the file will be placed on the public record within 30 days from the date of this notification. If you have any questions regarding this matter, please contact Rhiannon Magruder on our toll free number (800) 424-9530 (press 0, then ext. 1660) or (202) 694-1660.

On behalf of the Commission,

tener Swatther

Steven T. Walther

Chairman



April 26, 2017

**SENSITIVE** 

#### **MEMORANDUM**

To:

The Commission

Through:

Alec Palmer

Staff Director

From:

Patricia C. Orrock PCO

Chief Compliance Officer

Rhiannon Magruder PM

**Reviewing Officer** 

Office of Administrative Review

Subject:

Final Determination Recommendation in AF# 3163 - Carlos Beruff for Senate

Inc. and Eric Robinson, in his official capacity as Treasurer (C00610113)

On December 9, 2016, the Commission found reason to believe ("RTB") that the respondents violated 52 U.S.C. § 30104(a) for failing to timely file the 2016 October Quarterly Report and made a preliminary determination that the civil money penalty was \$10,382 based on the schedule of penalties at 11 C.F.R. § 111.43.

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Within 10 days of transmittal of the recommendation, they may file a written response with the Commission Secretary which may not raise any arguments not raised in their challenge or not directly responsive to the ROR. 11 C.F.R. § 111.36(f). The respondents have since indicated they will not be submitting a response to the ROR.

#### **OAR Recommendations**

- 1. Adopt the Reviewing Officer recommendation for AF# 3163 that Carlos Beruff for Senate Inc. and Eric Robinson, in his official capacity as Treasurer, in making the final determination;
- 2. Make a final determination in AF# 3163 that Carlos Beruff for Senate Inc. and Eric Robinson, in his official capacity as Treasurer, violated 52 U.S.C. § 30104(a) and assess a \$10,382 civil money penalty; and
- 3. Send the appropriate letter.

THIS IS THE END OF ADMINISTRATIVE FINE CASE # 3163